#### STATE OF IDAHO

#### **CANYON COUNTY**

# COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

#### FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED

**September 30, 2009** 



**WILLIAM H. HURST, COUNTY AUDITOR** 

#### STATE OF IDAHO

#### **CANYON COUNTY**

# COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

#### FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED

**September 30, 2009** 

Prepared by: Canyon County Auditor's Office

### **INTRODUCTORY SECTION**



# COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2009

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#### Chris Harris Controller

# CANYON COUNTY CLERK WILLIAM H. HURST CLERK OF THE DISTRICT COURT AUDITOR AND RECORDER

1115 Albany Street Caldwell ID 83605



Brad Jackson Chief Deputy

To the Board of County Commissioners Canyon County

State law requires that all general-purpose local governments publish within six months of the close of each fiscal year a complete set of financial statements presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principals (GAAP) and audited in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards by a firm of licensed certified public accountants. Pursuant to that requirement, we hereby issue the comprehensive annual financial report of Canyon County for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2009.

This report consists of the management's representations concerning the finances of Canyon County. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all of the information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, the management of Canyon County has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the county's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of Canyon County's financial statements in conformity with GAAP. Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, Canyon County's comprehensive framework of internal control has been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. As management, we assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

Canyon County's financial statements have been audited by Gibbons, Scott and Dean LLP, a firm of licensed certified public accountants. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of Canyon County for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2009, are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditor concluded that Canyon County's financial statements for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2009, are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

GAAP requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. Canyon County's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

#### **Profile of Canyon County**

Canyon County was established November 19, 1892 with it's County seat in Caldwell. The name probably came from the Snake River Canyon that forms the southern border of the county. The Hudson's bay Company established Fort Boise in 1834 at the mouth of the Boise River near what is now Parma, but abandoned it in 1855. Emigrants traveled through what is now Canyon County on the Oregon Trail. It is located in the southwestern part of Idaho west of Boise, the state capitol. Canyon County is bordered on the east by Ada County, on the south by Owyhee County, on the north by Gem

and Payette counties and on the west by Oregon. Canyon County has the second highest population among Idaho's 44 counties and covers 603 square miles. Caldwell is the county seat and the second largest city in the county with an estimated population of about 40,000. Nampa is the largest city in the county and the second largest in Idaho with an estimated population of 80,000. Canyon County benefits from having these two medium sized cities in close proximity as they provide numerous urban benefits not found in the more sparsely populated counties. The current population of Canyon County is estimated to be 183,939 an increase of 48% since 2000. Canyon County is empowered to levy a property tax on real and personal property located within its boundaries. It also is empowered by state statute to extend its boundary limits by annexation.

All elected officials are constitutional officers, elected to specific terms of office and charged to perform the functions and duties of their office as outlined and enumerated in Idaho law.

Canyon County operates under a commissioner form of government with three elected commissioners. The three member board of county commissioners is the governing body of county government in Idaho. They act as both the executive branch and the legislative branch, and are responsible for all duties not specifically mandated to other elected officials. Two county commissioners are elected each biennium; one for a two year term and one for a four year term.

The County Commissioners are responsible for passing ordinances, adopting the budget, appointing board members and hiring department heads.

Canyon County provides a full range of services. These services include, police protection; sanitation services; health and social services; welfare; culture and recreation, development services and general administrative services, which include but are not limited to: judicial; tax administration; record of deeds; federal, state and local elections.

The annual budget serves as the foundation for Canyon County's financial planning and control. All departments and agencies of the County are required to submit requests for appropriations to the County Budget Officer, also known as the County Auditor, on or before the 1st Monday in May each year. The Budget Officer uses these requests as the starting point for developing a proposed budget. The Budget Officer then presents this proposed budget to the Board of County Commissioners for review on or before the 1<sup>st</sup> Monday of August each year. The Commissioners are required to have the budget published in a local newspaper during the 3<sup>rd</sup> week of August. They must hold a public hearing no later than Tuesday following the first Monday in September of each year. The appropriated budget is prepared under the classifications of "salaries, benefits" and "detail of other expenses" by department and fund. County Commissioners can transfer from salaries and benefits to other expenses through a Commissioners resolution. Budget-to-actual comparisons are provided in this report for each individual governmental fund for which an appropriated annual budget has been For the general fund and the justice special revenue fund, the two major funds, this adopted. comparison is presented on pages 46-55 as part of the required supplementary information. For governmental funds other than the general fund and the justice fund, with appropriated annual budgets, this comparison is presented in the governmental fund subsection of this report, which starts on page 68.

#### **Factors Affecting Financial Condition**

The information presented in the financial statements is perhaps best understood when it is considered from the broader perspective of the specific environment within which Canyon County operates.

**Local economy.** Canyon County is endowed with rich, fertile soil and a mild climate. These factors have positioned Canyon County as an agricultural leader in the Northwest. Hops, mint, sugar beets, potatoes, fruit orchards and vineyards are just a few of the many crops grown in Canyon County. Productive farms are scattered throughout the county and provide numerous employment opportunities. Other major employers include: education, government, retail, construction and health care.

Unfortunately the county has seen an increase in its unemployment rate. With a labor force of 84,282, the unemployment rate for November 2009 is 11.9%. Companies throughout the county have been looking at creative ways to trim costs and are exploring innovative ways of doing business to maintain profitability.

The construction industry has been most greatly affected by the economic contraction. In 2009 the number of building permits issued fell to 421 from 607, a reduction of almost 31%. This figure includes commercial, agricultural and residential permits. The construction industry provided ample employment opportunities during the boom years, and many individuals displaced by the drastic reduction in construction activity continue to seek suitable employment.

Economic conditions in the county are difficult. The county has recently witnessed the close of two long standing auto dealerships. Additionally, The Sportsman's Warehouse and Sam's Club both located in Nampa have closed their doors. On the retailing bright side the Nampa Gateway Center has seen the addition of new retailers. Macy's, Import Outlet, The Idaho Athletic Club and The Sports Authority have recently opened.

In January 2009 a community college opened its doors in Canyon County. The College of Western Idaho officially began operation January 13, 2009. The first day of classes were held January 20<sup>th</sup>. The college prides itself on being the most affordable education in Southwest Idaho, with an application and enrollment process that is open to everyone. The college is servicing both traditional and non-traditional students, providing individuals the chance to develop and improve skills that will increase career opportunities for years to come. Enrollment at the college has exceeded expectations, which is leading to additional employment opportunities as instructors and other qualified personnel are needed to run the college.

Long-term financial planning. During the fiscal year the county purchased property which is housing the auto and drivers license departments. The county was in need of the space and it will be beneficial to citizens to have both departments under one roof. The county has asked the voters on two separate occasions to approve funds for the building of a new jail. Both times the supermajority needed to approve the funding has not been achieved. The county expects economic recovery to be slow and has cut expenses wherever possible and lowered revenue projections accordingly.

**Relevant financial policies.** With a decline in revenue from numerous sources county departments were directed to hold back on expenditures by at least 10% and more if possible. Department heads responded vigorously and were able to trim expenditures by the requested amount and yet continued to provide needed services. In April 2009 county employee salaries were reduced by 2.5%, this reduction continued thru the end of the fiscal year, September 30 2009. These policies have directly impacted financial statements as expenditures in most departments are well below budgeted amounts.

**Major initiatives.** With the downturn in the economy the county has experienced an associated decline in revenue from multiple sources. Steps were taken during the current fiscal year to adjust for the decreased revenue and the fiscal year 2010 budget represents a 12% decrease over the previous year. The county is planning on a slow, limited recovery and will continue to look for ways to increase efficiency and do more with less while continuing to provide mandated services.

**Awards and Acknowledgments.** The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to Canyon County for its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2008. This was the 20<sup>th</sup> consecutive year that Canyon County has achieved this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A certificate of achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

The preparation of this report would not have been possible without the efficient and dedicated services of the entire staff of the Auditor's office whose continued efforts for improvement in the County's accounting and reporting system are directly responsible for the high quality of the information being reported to the Board of Commissioners of Canyon County. Credit must also be given to the Board of Commissioners for their support in planning and conducting financial operations of the County in a responsible manner.

Sincerely,

William H. Hurst Canyon County

Clerk/Auditor/Recorder

William H. Heust

April 12, 2010

# Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

### Canyon County Idaho

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2008

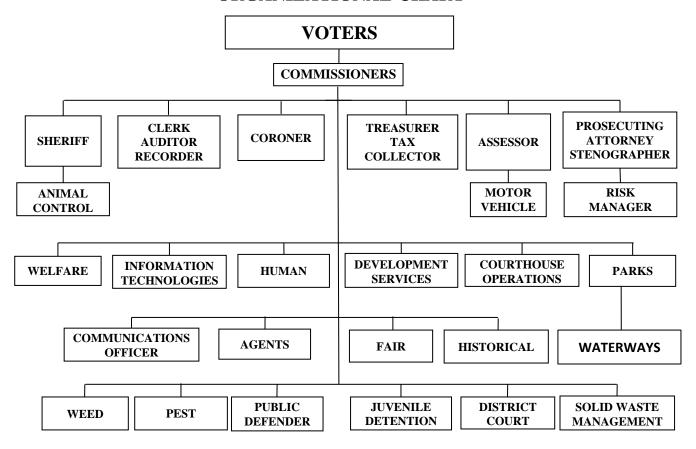
A Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada to government units and public employee retirement systems whose comprehensive annual financial reports (CAFRs) achieve the highest standards in government accounting and financial reporting.

MIL OFFICE AND ASSESSED TO THE PROPERTY OF THE

President

Executive Director

# CANYON COUNTY IDAHO ORGANIZATIONAL CHART



# STATE OF IDAHO CANYON COUNTY ELECTED OFFICIALS AND DEPARTMENT HEADS September 30, 2009

#### **ELECTED OFFICIALS**

Commissioner District #1	.Steve Rule
Commissioner District #2	.Kathy Alder
Commissioner District #3	.David Ferdinand
County Clerk	. William H. Hurst
County Treasurer	.Tracie Lloyd
County Assessor	Gene Kuehn
County Sheriff	Chris Smith
County Prosecutor	John Bujack
County Coroner	
Administrative District Judge (1)	.Juneal C. Kerrick
District Judge	. Greg Culet
District Judge	Thomas Ryan
District Judge	. Ranae Hoff
District Judge	. Stephen Drescher
District Judge	. Bradly Ford
Magistrate Judge	Dayo O. Onanubosi
Magistrate Judge	Robert Taisey
Magistrate Judge	
Magistrate Judge	
Magistrate Judge	Deborah Orr
Magistrate Judge	James R. Schiller
Magistrate Judge	Jerold Lee
Magistrate Judge	George Southworth

#### **DEPARTMENT HEADS**

Trial Court Administrator	Dan Kessler
Development Services Director	Wayne Forrey
Information Technologies Director	Rodney Astleford
Human Resources Director	-
Welfare Director	Leslie Pardue
Juvenile Probation Chief Deputy	Elda Catalano
Juvenile Detention Center Director	Steve Jett
County Agent	Jerry Neufeld
Building Superintendent	Andy Eveland
Animal Control Director	Bill Adams
Parks and Waterways Director	Tom Bicak
Landfill Director	
Weed Control Director	James D. Martell
County Fleet Management Director	Mark Tolman

<sup>(1)</sup> Canyon County is in the Third Judicial District which includes: Canyon, Adams, Gem, Payette, Washington and Owyhee Counties. Five of the six District Judges and eight of the thirteen Magistrate Judges reside in and have their chambers in Canyon County.

### **FINANCIAL SECTION**



### Gibbons, Scott & Dean LLP

Certified Public Accountants
Professional Building
1803 Ellis Avenue
Caldwell, Idaho 83605

Terry L. Scott, CPA John P. Dean, CPA (208) 459-4649 FAX (208) 454-9091

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of County Commissioners Canyon County Caldwell, Idaho

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Canyon County as of and for the year ended September 30, 2009, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of Canyon County's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and the significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Canyon County as of September 30, 2009, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated April 12, 2010 on our consideration of Canyon County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

The management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 13 through 21 and 45 through 54, are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Canyon County's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, budgetary comparison schedules, capital assets used in the operation of governmental funds schedules and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget

Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements of Canyon County. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, budgetary comparison schedules and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and , in our opinion, are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The introductory, capital assets used in the operation of government funds schedules and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Milbons, Scott & Dean LLP

GIBBONS, SCOTT AND DEAN LLP Certified Public Accountants

April 12, 2010

#### Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of Canyon County, we offer readers of Canyon County's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of Canyon County for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2009. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal, which can be found on pages 3-6 of this report.

#### **Financial Highlights**

- The assets of Canyon County exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$87,974,845 (net assets). Of this amount \$41,367,091 (unrestricted net assets) may be used to meet Canyon County's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- Canyon County's total net assets increased by \$6,890,512, most of the increase is attributed to spending holdbacks, and a county wide salary reduction of 2.5% during the year.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, Canyon County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$33,233,556, an increase of \$72,217 compared to the previous fiscal year. \$31,429,995 of the total amount is available for spending at the County's discretion (unreserved fund balance).
- At the end of the fiscal year unreserved fund balance for the general fund was \$9,976,810 or 43% of the total general fund expenditures. Unreserved fund balance in the justice fund was \$6,691,716 or 25% of the justice fund expenditures.

#### Overview of the financial statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to Canyon County's basic financial statements. Canyon County's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

**Government-wide financial statements.** The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of Canyon County's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net assets* presents information of Canyon County's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of Canyon County is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the County's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the *timing of the related cash flows*. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g. uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of Canyon County that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). The governmental activities of Canyon County include general government, public safety, public works, health and welfare, culture and recreation and education. The *business-type activities* of Canyon County include a sanitary landfill.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 23-24 of this report.

**Fund financial statements**. A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. Canyon County, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of Canyon County can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

**Governmental funds**. *Governmental funds* are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term *inflows* and outflows of *spendable resources*, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, the readers may better understand the long-term impact of the County's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

Canyon County maintains nineteen individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund and the justice special revenue fund, both of which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other seventeen governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of *combining statements* elsewhere in this report.

Canyon County adopts an annual appropriated budget for all of its governmental funds, including the enterprise fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the governmental funds to demonstrate compliance with the budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 25-27 of this report.

**Proprietary funds.** Canyon County maintains one type of proprietary fund. *Enterprise funds* are used to report the same functions presented as *business-type activities* in the government-wide financial statements. The County uses an enterprise fund to account for its sanitary landfill operations.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the sanitary landfill operations, which is considered to be a major fund of Canyon County.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 28-30 of this report.

**Fiduciary funds.** Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside Canyon County government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support Canyon County's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

The basic fiduciary fund financial statement can be found on page 31 of this report. The combining statement of changes in assets and liabilities is located on page 84 at the end of the combining & individual fund section.

**Notes to the financial statements.** The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 32-43 of this report.

**Other Information**. In addition to the basic financial statements and the accompanying notes, this report also presents certain *required supplementary information* which can be found on pages 45-54 of this report.

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor governmental funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information. Combining and individual fund statements and schedules can be found on pages 58-82 of this report.

#### **Government-wide Financial Analysis**

As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of Canyon County, assets exceeded liabilities by \$87,974,845 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

Over 50% of Canyon County's net assets reflect its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery and equipment); less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The county uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending.

#### Canyon County's Net Assets September 30, 2009

	Governmental		Busine	ss-type			
	Activ	/ities	Activ	/ities	Totals		
	2009	2008	2009	2008	2009	2008	
Current and other assets	\$ 37,993,314	\$ 36,730,297	\$ 13,757,999	\$ 13,124,469	\$ 51,751,313	\$ 49,854,766	
Capital assets	35,881,812	30,605,115	9,109,534	9,153,741	44,991,346	39,758,856	
Total assets	73,875,126	67,335,412	22,867,533	22,278,210	96,742,659	89,613,622	
Long-term liabilities							
outstanding			4,983,301	4,656,765	4,983,301	4,656,765	
Other liabilities	3,697,904	3,771,027	86,609	101,498	3,784,513	3,872,525	
Total liabilities	3,697,904	3,771,027	5,069,910	4,758,263	8,767,814	8,529,290	
Net assets:							
Invested in capital assets, net of							
related debt	35,096,290	29,752,579	9,109,534	9,153,741	44,205,824	38,906,320	
Restricted	19,543	9,010,223	2,382,387	2,375,770	2,401,930	11,385,993	
Unrestricted	35,061,389	24,801,583	6,305,702	5,990,436	41,367,091	30,792,019	
Total net assets	\$ 70,177,222	\$ 63,564,386	\$ 17,797,623	\$ 17,519,947	\$ 87,974,845	\$ 81,084,333	

An additional portion of Canyon County's net assets (3 percent) represent resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of *unrestricted net assets* (\$41,367,091) may be used to meet the county's ongoing obligation to citizens and creditors.

At the end of the current fiscal year, Canyon County is able to report positive balances in all categories of net assets, both for the county as a whole, as well as for its business-type activity.

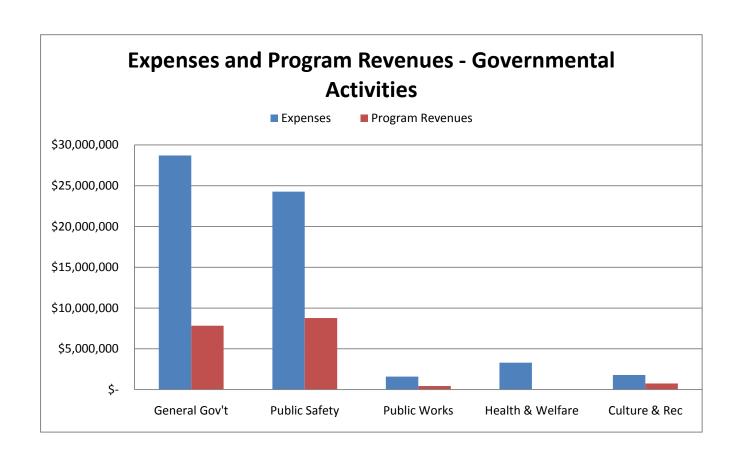
The County's net assets increased by \$6,890,512 during the current fiscal year. This increase is a result of spending holdbacks and salary reductions that took place during the fiscal year.

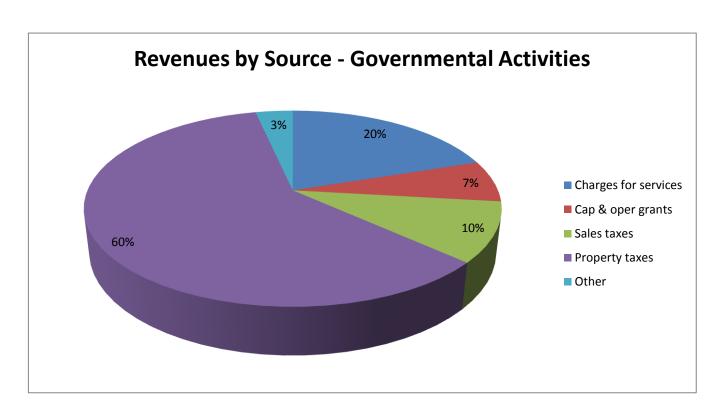
Governmental activities. Governmental activity increased Canyon County's net assets by \$6,612,836.

The following schedule outlines the changes in net assets:

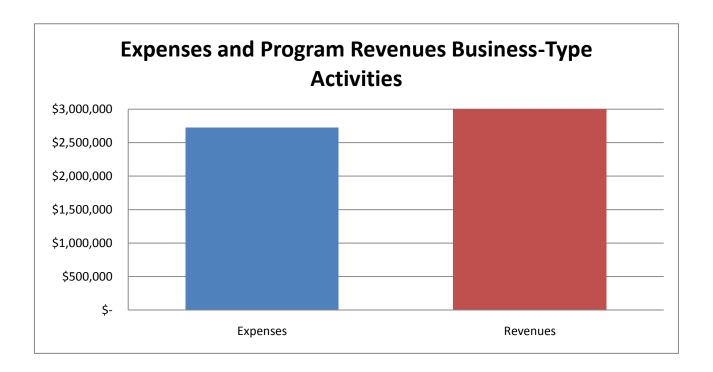
		nmental vities		ss-type vities	Total			
	2009	2008	2009	2008	2009	2008		
Revenues:								
Program revenues:								
Charges for services	\$ 13,236,340	\$ 14,859,167	\$ 2,716,487	\$ 3,136,680	\$ 15,952,827	\$ 17,995,847		
Operating grants	4 055 754	4 000 005			4 055 754	4 000 005		
and contributions	1,855,751	1,969,065	-	-	1,855,751	1,969,065		
Capital grants	2 704 724	740 226			2 704 724	740 006		
and contributions	2,701,734	740,236		<u>-</u>	2,701,734	740,236		
General revenues:	00 740 407	00 75 4 5 4 0			00 740 407	00 754 540		
Property taxes	39,719,187	36,754,510	-	-	39,719,187	36,754,510		
Other taxes	7,259,264	8,155,246	- 204 250	440.054	7,259,264	8,155,246		
Interest on investments	766,455	1,441,447	281,259	440,351	1,047,714	1,881,798		
Miscellaneous	783,455	781,755	40	25,020	783,495	806,775		
Total revenues	66,322,186	64,701,426	2,997,786	3,602,051	69,319,972	68,303,477		
Expenses:								
General government	28,700,368	30,628,992	-	-	28,700,368	30,628,992		
Public safety	24,270,127	25,914,836	-	-	24,270,127	25,914,836		
Public works	1,598,490	1,609,574	-	-	1,598,490	1,609,574		
Health and welfare	3,307,658	2,843,036	-	-	3,307,658	2,843,036		
Culture and recreation	1,796,288	1,860,171	-	-	1,796,288	1,860,171		
Education		38,541	-	-	- 00.057	38,541		
Interest on long-term debt	39,057	43,862		<del></del>	39,057	43,862		
Sanitary landfill			2,720,110	2,697,219	2,720,110	2,697,219		
Total expenses	59,711,988	62,939,012	2,720,110	2,697,219	62,432,098	65,636,231		
rotal expenses	59,711,966	62,939,012	2,720,110	2,097,219	62,432,096	05,030,231		
Gain or (loss) on retirement								
of capital assets	2,638	871,853	_	(1,905)	2,638	869,948		
Changes in net assets	6,612,836	2,634,267	277,676	902,927	6,890,512	3,537,194		
Net assets - 10/01	63,564,386	60,930,119	17,519,947	16,617,020	81,084,333	77,547,139		
Net assets - 9/30	\$ 70,177,222	\$ 63,564,386	\$ 17,797,623	\$ 17,519,947	\$ 87,974,845	\$ 81,084,333		

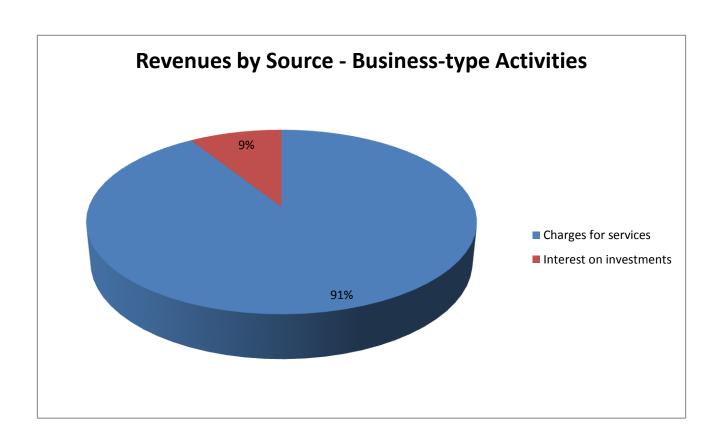
- Property taxes increased by \$2,964,677 (8.1%) during the year. County government is limited to the amount they can collect. They can collect 3% over their highest of the last 3 years' property tax budget plus the prior years' tax rate times any new construction values.
- . Interest revenue decreased by \$834,084 (44%). This is due to the lowering of interest rates by the federal government.
- Revenue from other taxes, sales tax and revenue sharing collected by the state and remitted to the county decreased by \$895,982 (11%), due to decreased sales of taxable goods and lower sales tax collection by the state.
- . Expenses decreased by \$3,204,133 (4.9%), due to a mid year salary decrease for all employees and spending holdbacks.





**Business-type activities**. Business-type activity (sanitary landfill) net assets increased during the year by \$277,676. The increase is partly a result of the decrease in closure costs payable due to the purchase of additional land for the landfill in the previous fiscal year. In total, landfill operating expenses decreased \$231,022 from the previous fiscal year.





#### Financial Analysis of the County's funds

As noted earlier, Canyon County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related legal requirements.

**Governmental funds.** The focus of Canyon County's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing Canyon County's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the County's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, Canyon County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$33,233,556 an increase of \$72,217 in comparison with the prior year. \$23,069,827 of this constitutes unreserved fund balance, which is available for spending at the County's discretion. The remainder of fund balance is reserved/designated to indicate that it is not available for new spending because it has already been committed 1) insurance (\$8,360,168), 2) debt service fund surplus (\$19,543), 3) prepaids (\$1,784,018).

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the County. At the end of the current fiscal year, the unreserved fund balance of the general fund was \$9,976,810, while the total fund balance reached \$18,522,185.

As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both the unreserved fund balance and the total fund balance to the total fund expenditures. Unreserved fund balance represents 43% of total general fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 79% of that same amount.

The unreserved fund balance of the County's general fund decreased by \$168,776 during the current fiscal year. Expenditures exceeded revenues by \$724,850 for the current fiscal year. The County commissioners for the last few years have been using more of the fund balances to fund increases in budgets. Using more fund balance results in lower property tax revenue for the general fund and a decrease in the fund balance.

Charges for services revenues in the general fund were largely unchanged from the previous fiscal year with only a \$22,862 increase. Licenses and permits revenue decreased by \$373,850 due to the decline in building activity and the associated decrease in building permit revenue. Unfortunately as a result of the decrease in building and development activity the development services department has seen a reduction of staff.

Intergovernmental revenue decreased in the general fund by \$560,327 due to the general fund not receiving any sales tax revenue for the current fiscal year. Additionally the previous fiscal years revenue included a \$393,580 federal "Help America Vote Act" grant.

The justice fund had a total fund balance of \$6,723,137, with \$6,691,716 unreserved. The net increase in fund balance during the current year was \$256,737. With the general fund using fund balance to fund its budget the justice fund levied an increased share of property taxes.

Fund balance in the justice fund held steady due to an increase in property tax revenue, a mid year salary reduction for all employees, and spending holdbacks. All of these factors combined to offset the decrease in sales tax revenue collected by the state and remitted to the county.

Charges for services revenue decreased in the justice fund by \$445,671. The decrease consists largely of a decrease in the work release revenue in the amount of \$425,650. Work release fees have been decreased to make the work release program more affordable.

**Proprietary funds**. Canyon County's proprietary fund provides the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Unrestricted assets in the Sanitary Landfill enterprise fund at the end of the year were \$6,305,702. The net assets increased by \$277,676. Factors concerning the sanitary landfill have already been addressed in the discussion of the County's business-type activities.

#### **General Fund Budgetary Highlights**

Differences between the original budget and the final budget are summarized below:

\$21,773 was transferred from the general budget to the courthouse security "A" budget

The transfer was necessary to cover retirement buyout expenditures for employees who opted to take an early retirement and thereby save the county money on salaries.

Differences between the final amended budget and the actual results are summarized below:

- Unspent funds in personal services are the result of the county wide salary reduction of 2.5% which started in April 2009 and ended September 30 2009.
- \$1,031,964 unspent in the general budget was in the reserve account established for unforeseen emergencies and was not needed.
- \$672,890 unspent in development services was due to the reduction in staff that occurred in January 2009.
- \$887,150 unspent in the information technology department was due to a spending freeze.
- \$576,292 unspent in the county shop was due to a holdback on vehicle purchases due to the economic downturn.
- \$2,395,780 unspent in the courthouse budget was due to a spending freeze on capital purchases and construction projects due to the economic slow-down.

#### **Capital Asset and Capital Lease Administration**

**Capital Assets.** Canyon County's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of September 30, 2009 amounted to \$44,991,346 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, improvements other than buildings and machinery and equipment. The total increase in Canyon County's investments in capital assets for the current fiscal year was 13% (a 17% increase in governmental activities and a .48% decrease for business-type activities).

Major capital assets events during the current fiscal year included the following:

- The county purchased over \$100,000 in law enforcement vehicles and other county vehicles.
- \$1,251,047 was spent for property purchases.
- \$172,485 was spent for computer equipment.
- \$2,519,128 was spent on the trunked digital radio system.
- \$697,996 was spent on heavy equipment for the landfill.

# Canyon County's Capital Assets (Net of depreciation)

	Govern	me	ental	Busine	SS	-type				
	 Activ	/itie	es	Activ	/iti	es		To	tals	<b>S</b>
	2009		2008	2009		2008		2009		2008
Land	\$ 6,326,753	\$	6,016,753	\$ 4,577,723	\$	4,577,723	\$	10,904,476	\$	10,594,476
Building	20,347,386		18,806,969	1,034,093		1,087,779		21,381,479		19,894,748
Improvements other than buildings	576,567		631,996	1,093,876		1,129,723		1,670,443		1,761,719
Machinery and equipment	4,190,588		3,600,108	2,403,842		2,358,516		6,594,430		5,958,624
Construction in progress	 4,440,518	_	1,549,290	 =	_	-	_	4,440,518		1,549,290
Total	\$ 35,881,812	\$	30,605,116	\$ 9,109,534	\$	9,153,741	\$	44,991,346	\$	39,758,857

Additional information on Canyon County's capital assets can be found in note C on page 39.

**Capital Leases**. The county currently has two capital leases. One was entered into in May of 2003 to purchase heating and lighting equipment for several county buildings. The other capital lease was entered into in March of 2009 to purchase telephone and computer equipment for the Canyon County East Complex which was purchased December 2008. As of September 30 2009 the capital lease outstanding for the heating and lighting equipment is \$738,120. The capital lease outstanding for the telephone and computer equipment is \$47,403.

Additional information on Canyon County's capital leases can be found in note E on page 40.

#### **Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates**

Canyon County is facing the same economic slow down as the rest of the nation. Revenue projections for fiscal year 2010 have been lowered from previous years to account for current economic conditions. The county has budgeted for significantly lower building permit revenue, interest revenue, and sales tax revenue.

The December 2009 unemployment rate for Canyon County is 11.9%, compared to 6.1% last year.

The County's population went from 124,100 in the year 2000 to 183,939 in 2009. This is over a 48% increase.

The County Commissioners adopted an operating budget for fiscal year 2010 in the amount of \$69,724,497. This was down \$9,535,767 (12%) over the 2009 operating budget. Due to the decrease in taxable property value the 2010 tax rate went up 10% to .004249984. The commissioners had the authority to levy an additional 3.4 million property tax dollars, but opted to leave the money in taxpayer's pockets.

With interest rates at historically low levels, and federal assistance available through the "Build America Bonds" program, the question of whether or not to issue bonds to fund the construction of a jail was presented to Canyon County voters in November 2009. The bond did not receive the 66.67 percent of yes votes needed to pass, instead receiving 58 percent of votes in favor of building a new jail. County residents may see the jail bond question on a future ballot.

#### **Requests for Information**

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of Canyon County's finances for all those with an interest in the County's finances. Questions concerning any of this information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Canyon County Auditor, Canyon County Courthouse, 1115 Albany St., Caldwell, Idaho 83605.

### **BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**



#### STATE OF IDAHO CANYON COUNTY STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS September 30, 2009

**Primary Government** 

Governmental **Business-type Activities Activities** <u>Total</u> **ASSETS** Cash and cash equivalents \$ 16,454,437 3,452,130 \$ 19,906,567 12,870,888 2,720,607 15,591,495 Investments Receivables (net of allowances for uncollectibles): Interest 70.626 11.690 82.316 Taxes-delinquent 3,575,558 3,575,558 Intergovernmental 2,678,717 2,678,717 Accounts 559,070 207,884 766,954 Prepaids 1,784,018 1,784,018 Restricted assets: Cash and cash equivalents 3,223,119 3,223,119 Investments 4,126,883 4,126,883 Receivables (net of allowances for uncollectibles): Interest receivable 15,686 15,686 Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation): Land 6,326,753 4,577,723 10,904,476 **Buildings** 20,347,386 1,034,093 21,381,479 Improvements other than buildings 576,567 1,093,876 1,670,443 2,403,842 Machinery and equipment 4,190,588 6,594,430 Construction in progress 4,440,518 4,440,518 Total assets 73,875,126 22,867,533 96,742,659 LIABILITIES Interest payable 5,515 5,515 Vouchers payable 1,173,262 52,197 1,225,459 Comptime payable 62,803 1,178 63,981 Unearned revenue 6,459 6,459 Noncurrent liabilities: Due within one year 1,407,155 28,802 1,435,957 1,047,142 Due in more than one year 1,042,710 4,432 Liabilities payable from restricted assets 4,983,301 4,983,301 Total liabilities 3,697,904 5,069,910 8,767,814 **NET ASSETS** Invested in capital assets, net of related debt 35,096,290 9,109,534 44,205,824 Restricted for: Closure costs 2,382,387 2,382,387 Debt service 19,543 19,543 Unrestricted 35,061,389 6,305,702 41,367,091 Total net assets 87,974,845 70,177,222 17,797,623

#### STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2009

Program revenues:		Program Revenues			Primary Government			
Function	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business- Type <u>Activities</u>	Total	
Primary government: Governmental activities:								
General government	\$ 28,700,36	8 \$ 7,699,922	\$ 124,632	\$ -	\$ (20,875,814)	\$ -	\$ (20,875,814)	
Public safety	24,270,12		1,666,522	2,701,734	(15,487,997)	Ψ -	(15,487,997)	
Public works	1,598,49			2,701,701	(1,155,299)	_	(1,155,299)	
Health and welfare	3,307,65	•	-	-	(3,307,658)	_	(3,307,658)	
Culture and recreation	1,796,28		61,523	-	(1,052,338)	_	(1,052,338)	
Interest on long-term debt	39,05				(39,057)		(39,057)	
Total government activities	59,711,98	8 13,236,340	1,855,751	2,701,734	(41,918,163)	<u>-</u>	(41,918,163)	
Business-type activities								
Sanitary landfill	2,720,11	0 2,716,487				(3,623)	(3,623)	
Total business-type activities	2,720,11	0 2,716,487				(3,623)	(3,623)	
Total primary government	\$ 62,432,09	8 \$ 15,952,827	\$ 1,855,751	\$ 2,701,734	\$ (41,918,163)	\$ (3,623)	\$ (41,921,786)	
	General reven	ies:						
	Property taxes	3			39,719,187	-	39,719,187	
	Sales tax inve	ntory phase-out			2,177,510	-	2,177,510	
	Revenue sha	ring			4,349,836	-	4,349,836	
	Franchise tax				70,285	-	70,285	
	Liquor apport	ionment			661,633	-	661,633	
	Miscellaneous	3			783,455	40	783,495	
	Gain or loss of	n sale of capital as	ssets		2,638	-	2,638	
	Interest on inv	estments			766,455	281,259	1,047,714	
	Total general re	venues			48,530,999	281,299	48,812,298	
	Change in net a	ssets			6,612,836	277,676	6,890,512	
	Net assets - be	ginning			63,564,386	17,519,947	81,084,333	
	Net assets - en	ding			\$ 70,177,222	\$ 17,797,623	\$ 87,974,845	

#### STATE OF IDAHO CANYON COUNTY BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS September 30, 2009

ASSETS	General	Other Governmental Justice Funds		Total Governmental Funds
Current assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 9,976,867	\$ 2,703,327	\$ 3,774,243	\$ 16,454,437
Investments	8,309,949	2,106,527	2,454,412	12,870,888
Receivables (net of allowances				
for uncollectibles):				
Interest	44,150	16,503	9,973	70,626
Taxes-delinquent	1,429,306	1,484,507	661,745	3,575,558
Intergovernmental	294,310	1,908,118	163,728	2,366,156
Accounts	79,518	241,117	238,435	559,070
Prepaids	185,207	31,421	1,567,390	1,784,018
Total assets	\$ 20,319,307	\$ 8,491,520	\$ 8,869,926	\$ 37,680,753
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE Liabilities:	S			
Vouchers payable	\$ 367,247	\$ 279,966	\$ 213,488	\$ 860,701
Compensated absences pay	569	3,910	-	4,479
Deferred revenue	1,429,306	1,484,507	668,204	3,582,017
Total liabilities	1,797,122	1,768,383	881,692	4,447,197
Fund balances: Reserved for: Debt service	-	_	19,543	19,543
Prepaids	185,207	31,421	1,567,390	1,784,018
Unreserved:				
Reported in :				
General fund	9,976,810	-	-	9,976,810
Justice fund	-	6,691,716	-	6,691,716
Special revenue funds	-	-	6,401,301	6,401,301
Designated for insurance	8,360,168	<del>-</del>		8,360,168
Total fund balances	<u> 18,522,185</u>	6,723,137	7,988,234	33,233,556
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 20,319,306	\$ 8,491,520	\$ 8,869,926	
assets are	e different because:	ntal activities in the state		
and, there	efore are not reported	ntal activities are not fin in the funds. vailable to pay current p		35,881,812
and, there	efore, are deferred in	the funds.	·	3,575,558
		nds payable, are not du ore not included in the f		(2,513,705)
Net assets	of governmental activ	ities		\$ 70,177,222

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2009

	General	Justice	Go	Other overnmental Funds	Go	Total overnmental Funds
REVENUES		_		_		
Taxes	\$ 13,758,667	\$ 16,920,043	\$	7,968,403	\$	38,647,113
Licenses and permits	744,994	358,805		118,782		1,222,581
Intergovernmental	896,707	6,915,683		3,148,686		10,961,076
Charges for services	6,253,364	2,178,296		2,870,729		11,302,389
Fines and forfeits	161,036	-		633,299		794,335
Miscellaneous	871,155	458,424		715,423		2,045,002
Total revenues	22,685,923	 26,831,251	_	15,455,322		64,972,496
EXPENDITURES Current:						
General government	21,762,499	6,038,635		5,566,246		33,367,380
Public safety	336,960	20,535,879		4,075,874		24,948,713
Public works	1,104,234	-		424,262		1,528,496
Health	-	-		807,382		807,382
Welfare	-	-		2,503,576		2,503,576
Culture & recreation	207,080	 		1,557,254		1,764,334
Total expenditures	23,410,773	 26,574,514		14,934,594		64,919,881
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(724,850)	 256,737		520,728		52,615
Other financing sources (uses):						
Sale of capital assets	-	-		19,602		19,602
Transfers in	-	-		16,031		16,031
Transfers out	-	-		(16,031)		(16,031)
Total other financing sources (uses)		 _		19,602		19,602
Net change in fund balances	(724,850)	256,737		540,330		72,217
Fund balances - beginning	19,247,035	6,466,400		7,447,904	_	33,161,339
Fund balances - ending	\$ 18,522,185	\$ 6,723,137	\$	7,988,234	\$	33,233,556

# RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2009

Amounts reported for governmental activities (page 24) in the statement of activities are different because:

Net change in fund balances - total government funds (page 26)	\$ 72,217
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period.	4,057,705
In the statement of activities, only the gain on the sale of capital assets is reported. However, in the governmental funds, the proceeds from the sale increase financial resources. Thus, the change in net assets differs from the change in fund balance by the cost of the capital assets sold.	(16,964)
Donations of capital assets increase net assets in the statement of activities, but do not appear in the governmental funds because they are not financial resources.	1,264,951
The statement of activities reports losses arising from the trade-in of existing capital assets to acquire new capital assets and deleted capital assets. Conversely, governmental funds do not report any loss on trade-in or deleted capital assets.	(28,996)
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to government funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds.	67,015
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	124,910
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures, and, therefore, are deferred in the funds.	 1,071,998
Change in net assets of governmental activities (page 24)	\$ 6,612,836

# STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

**September 30, 2009** 

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Fund
	Sanitary
ASSETS	<u>Landfill</u>
Current assets:	0.450.400
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 3,452,130
Investments Accounts receivable	2,720,607 207,884
Interest receivable	11,690
Total current assets	6,392,311
Noncurrent assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents	3,223,119
Investments	4,126,883
Interest receivable	15,686
Total restricted assets	7,365,688
Capital assets:	
Land	4,577,723
Buildings	1,627,537
Accumulated depreciation	(593,444)
Improvements other than buildings	1,603,713
Accumulated depreciation	(509,837)
Machinery and equipment	3,748,003
Accumulated depreciation	(1,344,161)
Capital assets (net of accumulated	
depreciation)	9,109,534
Total noncurrent assets	16,475,222
Total assets	22,867,533
LIABILITIES	
Current liabilities:	
Vouchers payable	52,197
Comptime payable	1,178
Compensated absences payable	33,234
Total current liabilities	86,609
Noncurrent liabilities (payable from restricted assets) :	
Closure costs payable	4,983,301
Total liabilities	5,069,910
NET ASSETS	
Invested in capital assets	9,109,534
Restricted for closure costs	2,382,387
Unrestricted	6,305,702

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Total net assets

\$ 17,797,623

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

#### For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2009

	Business-type activities - Enterprise Fund		
Operating revenues:			
Charges for services	\$ 2,716,487		
Miscellaneous	40		
Total operating revenues	2,716,527		
Operating expenses:			
Administration	995,714		
Costs of sales and services	642,748		
Depreciation	501,199		
Landfill closure and post-closure costs	326,536		
Total operating expenses	2,466,197		
Operating income	250,330		
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):			
Interest on investments	281,259		
Loss on capital assets	(253,913)		
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	27,346		
Change in net assets	277,676		
Total net assets - beginning	17,519,947		
Total net assets - ending	<u>\$ 17,797,623</u>		

# STATE OF IDAHO CANYON COUNTY STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUND

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2009 Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents

#### **Business-type activities-Enterprise Fund** Cash flows from operating activities: Receipts from customers 2,754,095 Payments to suppliers (659,385)Payments to employees (993,966)Other operating revenues 40 Net cash provided (used) by operating activities 1,100,784 Cash flows from capital and related financing activities: Proceeds from sale of capital assets 6,337 Acquisition of capital assets (717, 242)Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities (710,905)Cash flows from Investing activities: Proceeds from sales and maturities of investments 7,497,697 Purchase of investments (6,808,630)Interest and dividends received 96,184 Net cash provided (used) by investing activities 785,251 Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents 1,175,130 Cash and cash equivalents, October 1 5,500,119 Cash and cash equivalents, September 30 6,675,249 Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: Operating income 250,330 Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities Depreciation expense 501,199 Decrease in accounts receivable 37,608 (Decrease) in vouchers payable (16,638)Increase in comp absences payable 2,444 (Decrease) in comp time payable (695)Increase in closure costs payable 326,536 Total adjustments 850,454 Net cash provided (used) by operating activities 1,100,784 Noncash investing, capital, and financing activities: Capital assets purchased through trade-in \$ 164.636

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Captial assets sold through trade-in

92,000

# STATE OF IDAHO CANYON COUNTY STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUNDS September 30, 2009

100770		Agency <u>Funds</u>
ASSETS Cook and each equivalents	\$	2 972 504
Cash and cash equivalents	Ф	2,872,501
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):		
Taxes-delinguent		10,396,718
Accounts		7,243,522
Total assets	<u> </u>	20,512,741
Total assets	φ	20,512,741
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable	\$	8,762,376
Due to other agencies		732,175
Due to other taxing districts		11,018,190
Total liabilities	\$	20,512,741

# STATE OF IDAHO CANYON COUNTY NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2009

#### I. Summary of significant accounting policies

The financial statements of Canyon County have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

#### A. Reporting entity

Canyon County was incorporated in 1892 and operates under a commissioner form of government with supervision of various departments by elected officials as provided by the constitution. The accompanying financial statements present Canyon County government. The County has no component units.

#### B. Government-wide and fund financial statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of changes in net assets) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of Canyon County. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and the enterprise fund are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

#### C. Measurement focus, basis of accounting and financial statement presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. The agency funds have no measurement focus. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be *available* when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the County considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Franchise taxes, licenses and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Property taxes

and all other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the County.

The County reports the following major governmental funds:

The *general fund* is the County's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The *justice special revenue fund* accounts for the County sheriff's department, construction, remodeling, operation and maintenance of the County jail, juvenile detention facilities, and the operation of the prosecuting attorney's office and the public defender.

The County reports the following major proprietary fund:

The sanitary landfill enterprise fund accounts for the provisions of sanitary landfill services throughout the County. All activities necessary to provide such services are accounted for in this fund, including administration, operations and maintenance.

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in both the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this rule are payments-in-lieu of taxes and other charges between the sanitary landfill operation and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues* rather than program revenues. General revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Pickles Butte sanitary landfill enterprise fund are fees collected for dumping trash. Operating expenses for this fund include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Fiduciary funds account for assets held by the county in a trustee capacity or as an agent on behalf of others. The agency funds are custodial in nature and do not present results in operations or have a measurement focus. Agency funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. These funds are used to account for assets that the county holds for others in an agency capacity. They are used to account for the collection to be paid to other taxing districts, cities, State of Idaho, private individuals and or other government agencies from property taxes or other legal assessments.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the County's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

#### D. Assets, liabilities, and net assets or equity

#### 1. Deposits and investments

The County's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

State statutes authorize the County to invest in certain revenue bonds, general obligation bonds, local improvement district bonds, registered warrants of state and local governmental entities, time deposit accounts, tax anticipation and interest-bearing notes, bonds, treasury bills, debentures or other similar obligations of the United States Government and the Farm Credit System and repurchase agreements.

All investments are stated at fair value. The State Treasurer's Investment Pool operates in accordance with appropriate State laws and regulations. The reported value of the pool is the same as the fair value of the pooled shares.

#### 2. Receivables

Property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles and are shown on the balance sheet as deferred revenue. Property taxes are levied on the 3<sup>rd</sup> Monday of September of each year. All of the personal property taxes and one-half of the real property taxes are due on or before December 20 of each year. The remaining one-half of the real property tax is due on or before June 20 of the following year. A lien is placed on property three years from the date the taxes become delinquent. The County bills and collects its own property taxes and also collects taxes for all other taxing districts within its boundaries.

#### 3. Prepaids

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaids in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

#### 4. Restricted assets

The restricted cash, investments and interest receivable in the sanitary landfill enterprise fund on the statement of net assets is being set aside for closure and post-closure care costs.

#### 5. Capital assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant and equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the County as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$15,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of five years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed.

Property, plant, and equipment of the primary government is depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Assets</u>	<u>Years</u>
Buildings Improvements other than buildings Machinery and equipment	10-40 5-50 5-15

#### 6. Compensated absences

It is the County's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick pay benefits. There is no liability for unpaid accumulated sick leave since the county does not have a policy to pay any amounts when employees separate from service with the County. All vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

#### 7. Compensatory time

Nonadministrative employees may accumulate compensatory time for overtime hours worked over 40 hours. Unused compensatory time is paid out only at termination. It is management's policy to keep compensatory time at fairly low levels.

#### 8. Long-term obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net assets. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuance are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

#### 9. Fund equity

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose. Designations of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change.

#### 10. Infrastructure

Canyon County has no infrastructure for reporting under GASB Statement 34.

#### 11. Net assets restricted by enabling legislature

The government- wide statement of net assets reports \$2,401,930 of restricted net assets, of which \$2,382,387 is restricted by enabling legislation.

#### II. Reconciliation of government-wide and fund financial statements

## A. Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund balance sheet and the government-wide statement of net assets

The governmental fund balance sheet includes a reconciliation between *fund balance - total government-tal funds and net assets - governmental activities* as reported in the government-wide statement of net assets. One element of that reconciliation explains that "long-term liabilities, including capital lease payable are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds." The details of this \$2,513,705 difference are as follows:

Capital lease payable	\$	785,523
Interest payable		5,515
Compensated absences payable	•	1,659,864
Comptime payable		62,803

Net adjustment to reduce fund balance- total governmental funds to arrive at net assets- governmental activities

\$ 2,513,705

## B. Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances and the government-wide statement of activities

The governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances includes a reconciliation between net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds and changes in net assets of governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of activities. One element of that reconciliation explains that "governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense." The details of this \$4,057,705 difference are as follows:

Capital outlay	\$ 5,873,791
Depreciation expense	1,816,086
Net adjustment to increase net	
changes in fund balances - total	
governmental funds to arrive at	
changes in net assets of	
governmental activities	\$ 4,057,705

Another element of that reconciliation states that "some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds." The details of this \$124,910 difference are as follows:

2008 compensated absences	\$ 1,732,790
2008 comptime	113,958
2009 compensated absences	(1,659,864)
2009 comptime	(62,803)
2008 interest on lease	6,344
2009 interest on lease	(5,515)
Net edicates out to increase and	

Net adjustment to increase net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds to arrive at changes in net assets of governmental activities

\$ 124,910

Another element of that reconciliation states that "The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to government funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds." The details of this \$67,015 are as follows:

Principal repayments: Capital lease	\$ 120,036
Debt issued: Capital lease financing	 (53,021)
Net adjustment to increase net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds to arrive at changes in net assets of governmental activities	\$ 67,015

#### III. Detailed notes on all funds

#### A. Deposits and investments

As of September 30, 2009, Canyon County had the following investments:

<u>Investment Type</u>	Fair <u>Value</u>	Weighted Average Maturity (Years)
State Treasurer's diversified bond fund	\$ 513,39	95 3.30
U.S. Government and agency securities	9,731,00	)5 1.92
Repurchase agreement	1,504,87	78 0.69
Certificates of deposit	7,969,10	<u>00</u> 1.30
Sub total	19,718,37	<u>78</u>
Included in cash and cash equivalents:		
State Treasurer's investment pool	1,088,09	0.14
Repurchase agreement	1,544,16	<u> - </u>
Total fair value	\$ 22,350,64	<u>15</u>
Portfolio weighted average ma	aturity	1.43

*Credit risk.* The State Treasurer's investment pool and the diversified bond fund are not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission or any other regulatory body. It also does not have a credit quality rating. The county does not have a policy regarding credit risk of investments. The County's investment in U.S. government agencies were rated AAA.

Interest rate risk. The County does not have a policy regarding interest rate risk for investments.

Custodial credit risk - deposits. In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the County's deposits may not be returned to it. The County does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. As of September 30, 2009, \$26,410,522 of the County's bank balance of \$33,028,774 was exposed to custodial credit risk because it was uninsured and uncollateralized.

#### B. Receivables

Receivables at year end, including applicable allowances for uncollectibles are as follows:

	General	Special Revenue	Enterprise	Agency	<u>Total</u>
Receivables:	<del>- Conorar</del>	<del>110101140</del>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u>rotar</u>
Interest	\$ 44,150	\$ 26,477	\$ 27,376	\$ -	\$ 98,003
Taxes	1,429,306	2,146,252	-	10,396,718	13,972,276
Intergovernmental	294,310	2,071,846	-	=	2,366,156
Accounts	79,518	479,552	207,884	40,838,535	41,605,489
Gross receivables Less: allowance for	1,847,284	4,724,127	235,260	51,235,253	58,041,924
uncollectibles				(33,595,013)	(33,595,013)
Net total receivables	\$ 1,847,284	\$ 4,724,127	\$ 235,260	\$ 17,640,240	\$ 24,446,911

The only receivables not expected to be collected within one year are taxes receivable: \$71,465 in the general fund, \$107,313 in the special revenue funds, and in court collections receivable in the agency funds, \$38,796,608.

Governmental funds report deferred revenue in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds also defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned. At the end of the current fiscal year, the various components of deferred revenue reported in the governmental funds were as follows:

	<u>Uı</u>	<u>nearned</u>	<u>U</u>	<u>navailable</u>
Delinquent property taxes receivable (general fund) Delinquent property taxes receivable (justice fund) Delinquent property taxes receivable (other governmental funds) Prepaid building rent (other governmental funds)	\$ 	6,459	\$	1,429,306 1,484,507 661,745 - 3,575,558
Debt service fund to the Assessor's reappraisal fund : Debt service fund to the County fair fund :	\$	12,231 3,800 16,031		

These were funds left in the debt service fund after all bonds were paid. The Board of County Commissioners transferred these funds through resolution to the appropriate fund to ensure they could operate on a cash basis until the collection of the first installment of property taxes in December 2008.

#### C. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2009 was as follows:

Primary Government Governmental activities:	Beginning <u>Balance</u>	<u>Increases</u>	<u>Decreases</u>	Ending <u>Balance</u>
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land	\$ 6,016,753	\$ 310,000	\$ -	\$ 6,326,753
Construction in progress	1,549,290	5,061,373	2,170,146	4,440,517
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	7,566,043	5,371,373	2,170,146	10,767,270
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings	32,475,360	2,381,982	-	34,857,342
Improvements other than buildings	1,031,874	4 550 400	-	1,031,874
Machinery and equipment  Total capital assets being depreciated	8,129,912 41,637,146	1,550,138 3,932,120	<u>197,481</u> 197,481	9,482,569 45,371,785
Total capital assets being depreciated	41,007,140	0,332,120	137,401	40,071,700
Less accumulated depreciation for:	(40.000.000)	(0.44.500)		(4.4.500.050)
Buildings Improvements other than buildings	(13,668,392) (399,878)	(841,566) (55,429)	-	(14,509,958) (455,307)
Machinery and equipment	(4,529,803)	(919,091)	156,916	(5,291,978)
Total accumulated depreciation	(18,598,073)	(1,816,086)	156,916	(20,257,243)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	23,039,073	2,116,034	40,565	25,114,542
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 30,605,116	\$ 7,487,407	\$ 2,210,711	\$ 35,881,812
Business-type activities:				
Capital assets, not being depreciated:	<b>A</b> 4 === ===	•	•	<b>A</b> 4 577 700
Land	\$ 4,577,723	<u> </u>	\$ -	\$ 4,577,723
Total capital assets not be depreciated	4,577,723			4,577,723
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings	1,624,187	3,350	-	1,627,537
Improvements other than buildings Machinery and equipment	1,603,713 3,638,457	- 878,528	- 768,982	1,603,713 3,748,003
Total capital assets being depreciated	6,866,357	881,878	768,982	6,979,253
Total capital assets being appreciated	0,000,001		700,502	0,575,255
Less accumulated depreciation for:	(=== .==)	()		()
Buildings Improvements other than buildings	(536,408) (473,990)	(57,037) (35,847)	-	(593,445) (509,837)
Machinery and equipment	(1,279,941)	(408,315)	344,095	(1,344,161)
Total accumulated depreciation	(2,290,339)	(501,199)	344,095	(2,447,443)
	(=,===,===)			
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	4,576,018	380,679	424,887	4,531,810
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 9,153,741	\$ 380,679	\$ 424,887	\$ 9,109,533
Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:				
Governmental activities: General government				\$ 803,272
Public safety				
Public works				69,809
Culture and recreation				60,965
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities				\$ 1,816,086
Business-type activities:				
Pickles Butte Sanitary	Landfill			\$ 501,199

#### **Construction Commitment**

The County has one active construction project as of September 30, 2009:

		Remaining
	Spent-to-date	Commitment
Trunked digital radio system	\$ 4,072,377	\$ 568,249

#### D. Operating Leases

The County has several operating leases for land, buildings, road right-of-way and equipment. Lease expenditures for the year ended September 30, 2009 amounted to \$587,920

Future minimum lease payments for these leases are as follows:

Year <u>Ending</u>	<u>Amount</u>
2010	\$ 565,720
2011	565,720
2012	565,720
Total	\$ 1,697,160

#### E. Capital leases

Canyon County has entered into two lease agreements. One as lessee for the acquisition of lighting and electrical equipment for several county buildings, the other for the acquisition of telephone and computer equipment.

The assets acquired through this capital lease are as follows:

	Governmental <u>Activities</u>	
Electrical & heating equipment Less accumulated depreciation	\$	1,370,552 (239,847)
Net assets	\$	1,130,705
Telephone & computer equipment Less accumulated depreciation	\$	55,880 (4,657)
Net assets	\$	51,223

Future minimum lease payments as of September 30, 2009 were as follows:

Electrical and heating equipmer	nt lea	ase
2010	\$	153,705
2011		153,705
2012		153,705
2013		153,705
2014-2015		230,558
Total lease payments		845,378
Less amount of interest		(107,258)
Present value of lease payments	\$	738,120
Telephone & computer equipme	nt le	ase_
2010	\$	18,649
2011		18,649
2012		12,432
Total lease payments		49,730

Less amount of interest

Present value of lease payments

(2,327)

47,403

#### F. Long-term debt

#### **Changes in long-term liabilities**

Long-term liability activity for the year ended September 30, 2009, was as follows:

	Beginning <u>Balance</u>	<u>Additions</u>	Reductions	Ending <u>Balance</u>	Due within <u>One year</u>
Governmental activities:					
Capital lease payable-long-term	\$ 852,537	\$ 53,021	\$ 120,036	\$ 785,522	\$ 137,326
Compensated absences	1,751,403	1,613,849	1,700,909	1,664,343	1,269,829
Governmental activity Long-term liabilities	\$ 2,603,940	\$ 1,666,870	\$ 1,820,945	\$ 2,449,865	\$ 1,407,155
Business-type activities: Compensated absences	\$ 30,790	\$ 37,993	\$ 35,549	\$ 33,234	\$ 28,802

Funds used in prior years to liquidate compensated absences were general, justice, all special revenue funds and the enterprise fund.

#### G. Restricted assets

The balances of the restricted assets accounts in the sanitary landfill enterprise fund are as follows:

Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 3,223,119
Investments	4,126,883
Interest receivable	15,686
	\$ 7,365,688

#### IV. Other information

#### A. Risk management

The county is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions and natural disasters for which we carry commercial insurance. During the last three years no claim settlements and or judgments have exceeded Canyon County's limits of insurance.

#### B. Contingent liabilities

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the County expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

Canyon County is defendant in several lawsuits. Although the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, in the opinion of the County Prosecutor, the resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the County.

#### C. Landfill closure and post-closure care cost

State and federal laws and regulations require the County to place a final cover on its landfill site when it stops accepting waste and to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the site for 30 years after closure.

Although closure and post-closure care costs will be paid near or after the date that the landfill stops accepting waste, the County reports a portion of these closure and post-closure care costs as an operating expense in each period based on landfill capacity used as of each balance sheet date.

\$4,983,301 reported as landfill closure and post-closure care liability at September 30, 2009 represents the cumulative amount reported to date based on the use of 75 percent of the estimated capacity of the first landfill site.

The County will recognize the remaining estimated cost of closure and post-closure care of \$5,963,955 as the remaining estimated capacity is filled. These amounts are based on what it would cost to perform all closure and post-closure care in 2009. The County expects to close the landfill in the year 2025. Actual cost may be higher because of inflation, changes in technology, or changes in regulations.

The County is required by state and federal laws and regulations to make annual contributions to a restricted account to finance closure and post-closure care. The County is in compliance with these requirements, and at September 30, 2009 cash and cash equivalents and investments of \$7,365,688 (with a fair value of \$7,365,688) are held for these purposes.

These are reported as restricted assets on the balance sheet. The County expects future inflation costs to be paid from interest earnings on these annual contributions. However, if interest earnings are inadequate or additional post-closure care requirements are determined (because of changes in technology or applicable laws and regulations, for example), these costs may need to be covered by charges to future landfill users or from future tax revenue.

#### D. Defined benefit pension plan

Public Employee Retirement System of Idaho - The Public Employee Retirement System of Idaho (PERSI), a cost sharing multiple-employer public retirement system, was created by the Idaho State Legislature. It is a defined benefit plan requiring that both the member and the employer contribute. The plan provides benefits based on members' years of service, age, and compensation. In addition, benefits are provided for disability,

death, and survivors of eligible members or beneficiaries. Designed as a mandatory system for eligible state and school district employees, the legislation provided for other political subdivisions to participate by contractual agreement with PERSI. Financial reports for the plan are available from PERSI upon request.

After five years of credited service, members become fully vested in retirement benefits earned to date. Members are eligible for retirement benefits upon attainment of the ages specified for their employment classification. For each month of credited service, the annual service retirement allowance is 2.000% (2.300% police/firefighter) of the average monthly salary for the highest consecutive 42 months.

For the year ended September 30, 2009, the required contribution rate for general employees was 10.39% and 6.23% of covered payroll for Canyon County and its employees, respectively, and 10.73% and 7.65% for police/firefighter employees, for Canyon County and its employees, respectively. Canyon County contributions required and paid were \$3,002,556, \$3,101,910, and \$2,781,210 for the three years ended September 30, 2009, 2008, and 2007 respectively.

### REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION



	Budgeted	I Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final budget - Positive
REVENUES	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Taxes:				
Current	\$ 13,369,496	\$ 13,369,496	\$ 13,163,021	\$ (206,475)
Tax redemption	-	-	18,069	18,069
Interest	-	-	185,506	185,506
Circuit breaker Cost/delinquent collections	90,000	90,000	193,990 198,081	193,990 108,081
·				
Total taxes	13,459,496	13,459,496	13,758,667	299,171
Licenses and permits:				
Alcoholic beverage license	41,200	41,200	40,748	(452)
Auctioneer/pawnbroker license	200	200	356	156
Catering permits	200	200	220	20
Catv license Building permits	63,900 750,000	63,900 750,000	70,285 321,630	6,385 (428,370)
Conditional use permits	150,000	150,000	42,487	(107,513)
Plan review fees	130,000	130,000	91,114	91,114
Temp resid permits/renew fee	40,000	40,000	46,409	6,409
Mobile home permits	4,000	4,000	4,308	308
Mechanical permits	74,000	74,000	39,762	(34,238)
Dog licenses	45,000	45,000	55,403	10,403
Trailer house license	14,000	14,000	13,298	(702)
Recreational vehicle license	19,000	19,000	18,974	(26)
Total licenses and permits	1,201,500	1,201,500	744,994	(456,506)
Intergovernmental:				
Mineral leasing	27	27	37	10
Civil defense grant	61,000	61,000	137,106	76,106
Emergency planning grant	24,185	24,185	=	(24,185)
Citizen corp	16,092	16,092	-	(16,092)
Community block grant	97,500	97,500	48,183	(49,317)
Inheritance taxes Liquor apportionment	500,000	500,000	843 661,633	843
Federal pilt	27,500	27,500	45,249	161,633 17,749
State pilt	4,600	4,600	3,656	(944)
Total intergovernmental revenues	730,904	730,904	896,707	165,803
Charges for services:				
Recording fees	800,000	800,000	592,845	(207,155)
Misc recorder fees	, -	-	804	804
Passports	170,000	170,000	98,625	(71,375)
MvI collection fees	75,000	75,000	60,879	(14,121)
Title fees	155,000	155,000	162,024	7,024
Title penalty fees	7,000	7,000	12,900	5,900
Sales tax	30,000	30,000	26,277	(3,723)
Postage	9,000	9,000	65,219	56,219
Administrative fees	525,000	525,000	526,953	1,953
Additional dup registration fees	25,000	25,000	26,727 85	1,727
Jury fees Divorce certificates	1,000	1,000	85 1,005	85 5
Certified copies & misc	35,000	35,000	42,214	5 7,214
Court surcharge/handling fee	175,000	175,000	42,214 195,954	20,954
Subdivision plat check fees	54,000	54,000	26,312	(27,688)
Non-sufficient fund fees	3,700	3,700	3,334	(366)
Zoning appeal fees	35,000	35,000	2,169	(32,831)
Administrative splits	\$ 15,000	\$ 15,000	\$ 18,868	\$ 3,868

## SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Fiscal Year Ending September 30, 2009

Charges for services continued:	Budgeted	l Amounts	Variance w Final budg Actual Positive	
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Zoning compliance	\$ 40,000	\$ 40,000	\$ 28,970	\$ (11,030)
Comprehensive plan	-	-	76	76
Rezone fee	7,500	7,500	22,872	15,372
Court security - Nampa annex	47,000	47,000	47,000	=
Shop fees	12,000	12,000	29,751	17,751
Other misc charges & services	25,000	25,000	27,281	2,281
Interfund charges	4,171,264	4,171,264	3,937,335	(233,929)
Animal control fees	249,696	249,696	296,525	46,829
Mosquito abatement	<del>-</del>	<del>-</del>	360	360
Total charges for services	6,667,160	6,667,160	6,253,364	(413,796)
Fines and forfeits:				
Driver's license reinstatement	130,000	130,000	144,720	14,720
Juvenile curfew fine	300	300	130	(170)
BUI (boating under influence)	8,000	8,000	16,186	8,186
Total fines and forfeits	138,300	138,300	161,036	22,736
Miscellaneous:				
Interest earnings	500,000	500,000	486,231	(13,769)
Rent on real estate	12,000	12,000	248	(11,752)
Tvmetro rent (FBI)	-	-	16,000	16,000
Shelter donations	10,000	10,000	1,860	(8,140)
Insurance dividends	-	-	36,843	36,843
Copy machine receipts	1,800	1,800	43	(1,757)
Precinct maps	50	50	44	(6)
P&Z maps	1,000	1,000	101	(899)
Election records	250	250	255	5
Other misc revenue	235,000	235,000	280,413	45,413
Damage to vehicles	150,000	150,000	26,617	(123,383)
Damage to property	=	=	12,992	12,992
Copies it	2,500	2,500	3,761	1,261
Printing it	-	-	95	95
Dsd copies	850	850	302	(548)
Dairy waste violation	<del>_</del>	<del>-</del>	5,350	5,350
Total miscellaneous	913,450	913,450	871,155	(42,295)
Total general fund revenues	\$ 23,110,810	\$ 23,110,810	\$ 22,685,923	\$ (424,887)

## SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2009

	Budgeted	l Amounts		Variance with Final budget-
General fund continued:	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	Positive (Negative)
EXPENDITURES	<u>Original</u>	<u>i mai</u>	Amounts	(Negative)
Auditor/recorder:	\$ 818.330	\$ 818.330	\$ 756.028	\$ 62,302
Personal services Other charges & services	\$ 818,330 15,528	\$ 818,330 15,528	\$ 756,028 10,538	\$ 62,302 4,990
Ç	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	
Total auditor	833,858	833,858	766,566	67,292
Commissioners:				
Personal services	319,245	319,245	307,040	12,205
Other charges & services	155,230	155,230	94,228	61,002
Total Commissioners	474,475	474,475	401,268	73,207
Treasurer:				
Personal services	443,321	443,321	390,511	52,810
Other charges & services	150,550	150,550	97,648	52,902
Total treasurer	593,871	593,871	488,159	105,712
Assessor:				
Personal services	1,380,313	1,380,313	1,268,515	111,798
Other charges & services	89,550	89,550	69,619	19,931
Total assessor	1,469,863	1,469,863	1,338,134	131,729
Clerk of the district court:				
Personal services	2,665,470	2,665,470	2,527,206	138,264
Total clerk of the district court	2,665,470	2,665,470	2,527,206	138,264
Coroner:				
Personal services	293,295	293,295	287,046	6,249
Other charges & services	193,504	193,504	133,593	59,911
Total coroner	486,799	486,799	420,639	66,160
Elections:				
Personal services	202,056	202,056	194,053	8,003
Other charges & services	208,268	208,268	213,897	(5,629)
Total elections	410,324	410,324	407,950	2,374
General:				
Other charges & services	1,619,746	1,597,973	566,009	1,031,964
Total general	1,619,746	1,597,973	566,009	1,031,964
Courthouse:				
Personal services	1,231,567	1,231,567	1,172,765	58,802
Other charges & services	4,257,307	4,257,307	2,163,461	2,093,846
Capital outlay	1,516,841	1,516,841	1,273,709	243,132
Total courthouse	\$ 7,005,715	\$ 7,005,715	\$ 4,609,935	\$ 2,395,780

	Budgeted	Budgeted Amounts		Variance with Final budget -
General fund continued:	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	Positive (Negative)
Development services:			7	(iii)
Personal services	\$ 1,522,678	\$ 1,522,678	\$ 1,059,302	\$ 463,376
Other charges & services	382,425	382,425	179,423	203,002
Capital outlay	12,500	12,500	5,988	6,512
Total development services	1,917,603	1,917,603	1,244,713	672,890
Information technology:				
Personal services	1,513,789	1,513,789	1,415,169	98,620
Other charges & services	1,766,982	1,766,982	1,166,978	600,004
Capital outlay	305,000	305,000	116,474	188,526
Capital Gallay				100,020
Total information technology	3,585,771	3,585,771	2,698,621	887,150
Human resources:				
Personal services	177,322	177,322	173,034	4,288
Other charges & services	59,300	59,300	25,232	34,068
Total human resources	236,622	236,622	198,266	38,356
Clerk of board of commissioners:				
Personal services	153,218	153,218	147,625	5,593
Other charges & services	2,000	2,000		2,000
Total clerk board of commissioners	155,218	155,218	147,625	7,593
County shop:				
Personal services	245,287	245,287	231,502	13,785
Other charges & services	394,000	394,000	141,739	252,261
Capital outlay	423,500	423,500	113,254	310,246
,				<u> </u>
Total county shop	1,062,787	1,062,787	486,495	576,292
Communications officer:				
Personal services	77,051	77.051	75.671	1,380
Other charges & services	10,900	10,900	334	10,566
Other charges & services	10,000	10,000		10,000
Total communications officer	87,951	87,951	76,005	11,946
Insurance:				
Other charges & services	4,966,264	4,966,264	5,384,908	(418,644)
Total insurance	4,966,264	4,966,264	5,384,908	(418,644)
Total general government	27,572,337	27,550,564	21,762,499	5,788,065
Public safety:				
Emergency management:				
Personal services	100,015	100,015	81,301	18,714
Other charges & services	63,557	63,557	8,863	54,694
Capital outlay	2,500	2,500	12,797	(10,297)
Total emergency management	\$ 166,072	\$ 166,072	\$ 102,961	\$ 63,111

	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final budget - Positive
General fund continued:	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Courthouse security: Personal services	\$ 212,101	\$ 233,874	\$ 233,999	\$ (125)
Total courthouse security	212,101	233,874	233,999	(125)
Total public safety	378,173	399,946	336,960	62,986
Public works: Animal control:				
Personal services	1,001,498	1,001,498	902,448	99,050
Other charges & services	204,670	204,670	201,786	2,884
Total animal control	1,206,168	1,206,168	1,104,234	101,934
Culture and recreation:				
County agent:				
Personal services	130,533	130,533	127,290	3,243
Other charges & services	96,594	96,594	76,705	19,889
Capital outlay	<u> </u>	<del>_</del>	3,085	(3,085)
Total county agent	227,127	227,127	207,080	20,047
Total general fund	29,383,805	29,383,805	23,410,773	5,973,032
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over (under) expenditures	(6,272,995)	(6,272,995)	(724,850)	5,548,145
Net change in fund balances	(6,272,995)	(6,272,995)	(724,850)	5,548,145
Fund balances - beginning	19,247,035	19,247,035	19,247,035	<del>_</del>
Fund balances - ending	\$ 12,974,040	\$ 12,974,040	\$ 18,522,185	\$ 5,548,145

#### JUSTICE SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

## SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2009

	Budgeted	I Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final budget - Positive
REVENUES	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Taxes:				
Current	\$ 16,658,446	\$ 16,658,446	\$ 16,133,268	\$ (525,178)
Ag exemption	406,070	406,070	406,070	-
Tax redemption	=	=	21,418	21,418
Interest	-	-	117,764	117,764
Circuit Breaker			241,523	241,523
Total taxes	17,064,516	17,064,516	16,920,043	(144,473)
Licenses and permits:				
Driver's license	225,000	225,000	265,294	40,294
Driver's training	7,500	7,500	7,515	15
Concealed weapons	26,000	26,000	46,591	20,591
I.d. cards	30,000	30,000	33,815	3,815
Youth plates	6,500	6,500	5,590	(910)
Total licenses and permits	295,000	295,000	358,805	63,805
Intergovernmental:				
Highway safety grant	-	-	52,724	52,724
Scaap grant	-	191,546	124,751	(66,795)
BLM grant	-	-	1,976	1,976
Justice overtime grant	-	-	19,062	19,062
National school breakfast	32,000	32,000	31,983	(17)
National school lunch	50,000	50,000	49,114	(886)
Overtime grant	-	10,000	10,237	237
DEA organized crime grant	-	20,000	13,346	(6,654)
Juvenile grant-cigarette tax	20,000	20,000	20,000	-
Special assistant US attorney	-	51,250	81,632	30,382
Sales tax inventory phase-out	2,700,000	2,700,000	2,161,022	(538,978)
Special revenue sharing	5,300,000	5,300,000	4,349,836	(950,164)
Total intergovernmental	8,102,000	8,374,796	6,915,683	(1,459,113)
Charges for services:				
Attorney's fees repayment	4,800	4,800	8,000	3,200
Attorney's fees city	-	150,000	36,822	(113,178)
Attorney's fees other	-	-	800	800
Non-sufficient funds	-	-	1,100	1,100
Sheriff's fees	250,000	250,000	342,887	92,887
Dealer id cards	3,400	3,400	3,110	(290)
Law enforcement services	200,000	200,000	275,323	75,323
Board & room of state prisoners	225,000	225,000	257,885	32,885
Board & room of juveniles	250,000	250,000	245,490	(4,510)
Ua fees (drug urinalysis)	7,000	7,000	3,709	(3,291)
Extradition reimbursement	3,000	3,000	661	(2,339)
Jail bond fees	40,000	40,000	78,733	38,733
Sild (adult)	150,000	150,000	139,618	(10,382)
Reschedule fee/sild/work rel	=	=	2,945	2,945
Inmate medical fees	6,000	6,000	7,236	1,236
Inmate rx reimbursement	20,000	20,000	10,777	(9,223)
State inmate rx reimbursement	1,000	1,000	3,091	2,091
Ssa inmate	16,000	16,000	14,080	(1,920)
Non-indigent reimbursement	22,000	22,000	7,189	(14,811)
Sild (juvenile)	50,000	50,000	34,620	(15,380)
Work release	650,000	650,000	339,348	(310,652)
Board & room US marshal	250,000	250,000	207,048	(42,952)
Board & room immigration	120,000	120,000	106,104	(13,896)
Sex offender registra & inquiry	10,000	10,000	22,310	12,310
Board & room state juveniles	2,500	2,500	<del>-</del>	(2,500)
Board & room other agencies	\$ 8,000	\$ 8,000	\$ 648	\$ (7,352)

#### JUSTICE SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

## SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2009

Charges for services continued:	<u>Budgeted</u> Original	<u>I Amounts</u> Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final budget - Positive (Negative)
Board & room bureau of prisons	\$ 6,000	\$ 6,000	\$ 21,504	\$ 15,504
Processing fees	5,000	5,000	6,882	1,882
Miscellaneous other fees	<u>-</u>		376	376
Total charges for services	2,299,700	2,449,700	2,178,296	(271,404)
Miscellaneous:				
Interest earnings	390,000	390,000	167,681	(222,319)
Unclaimed property	-	=	109	109
Copy machines	-	=	2,657	2,657
Pay phones	90,000	90,000	141,575	51,575
Commissary receipts	50,000	50,000	67,969	17,969
Payment of judgment	-	-	13,736	13,736
Other miscellaneous revenue	10,000	10,000	9,867	(133)
Sild miscellaneous revenue	-	-	989	989
Id cards for other agencies	-	-	294	294
Ccso weapons	1,800	1,800	192	(1,608)
Coin op laundry	3,000	3,000	1,977	(1,023)
Public education donations	10,000	10,000	-	(10,000)
Photo request	-	-	29	29
Fingerprints	-	-	580	580
DEA O/T reimbursement	5,000	5,000	-	(5,000)
Pa's asset forfeiture	-	100,000	-	(100,000)
Drug forfeitures	40,000	47,000	50,769	3,769
Total miscellaneous	599,800	706,800	458,424	(248,376)
Total justice fund	\$ 28,361,016	\$ 28,890,812	\$ 26,831,251	\$ (2,059,561)

#### JUSTICE SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

## SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2009

Justice fund continued:				Variance with
	Budgeted	l Amounts		Final budget -
EXPENDITURES General government:	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	Positive (Negative)
Prosecuting attorney:				
Personal services	\$ 2,406,134	\$ 2,527,384	\$ 2,320,824	\$ 206,560
Other charges & services	258,400	358,400	146,366	212,034
Capital outlay	61,500	61,500	39,843	21,657
Total prosecuting attorney	2,726,034	2,947,284	2,507,033	440,251
Stenographer:				
Personal services	1,540,340	1,620,340	1,522,464	97,876
Total stenographer	1,540,340	1,620,340	1,522,464	97,876
Contingent:				
Other charges & services	1,150,952	1,150,952	<del>-</del>	1,150,952
Total contingent	1,150,952	1,150,952	<u>-</u>	1,150,952
Public defender:				
Other charges & services	2,010,166	2,010,166	2,009,138	1,028
Total general government	7,427,492	7,728,742	6,038,635	1,690,107
Public Safety:				
Sheriff:	47 000 740	47 000 740	45 077 444	4 000 004
Personal services	17,209,748	17,239,748	15,977,444	1,262,304 283,768
Other charges & services Capital outlay	1,969,050 65,000	2,160,596 65,000	1,876,828 277,271	(212,271)
Capital Outlay	03,000	03,000	211,211	(212,211)
Total Sheriff	19,243,798	19,465,344	18,131,543	1,333,801
Juvenile center:				
Personal services	2,348,315	2,348,315	2,174,263	174,052
Other charges & services	234,760	234,760	175,148	59,612
Capital outlay	1,000	1,000	2,697	(1,697)
Total juvenile center	2,584,075	2,584,075	2,352,108	231,967
CCNU:				
Other charges & services	70,000	77,000	50,228	26,772
Capital outlay	<del>-</del>	<del>-</del>	2,000	(2,000)
Total CCNU	70,000	77,000	52,228	24,772
Total public safety	21,897,873	22,126,419	20,535,879	1,590,540
Total justice special revenue fund	\$ 29,325,365	\$ 29,855,161	<u>\$ 26,574,514</u>	\$ 3,280,647

#### JUSTICE SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

Justice fund continued:	<u>Budgeted</u>	<u>Amounts</u>	Actual	Variance with Final budget - Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	\$ (964,349)	\$ (964,349)	\$ 256,737	\$ 1,221,086
Other financing sources (uses) Sale of capital assets	7,000	7,000		(7,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)	7,000	7,000		(7,000)
Net changes in fund balances	(957,349)	(957,349)	256,737	1,214,086
Fund balances - beginning	6,466,400	6,466,400	6,466,400	
Fund balances - ending	\$ 5,509,051	\$ 5,509,051	\$ 6,723,137	\$ 1,214,086

## STATE OF IDAHO CANYON COUNTY NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

#### I Stewardship, compliance, and accountability

#### A. Budgetary information

The County is required by State law to adopt annual appropriated budgets for general, special revenue, debt service and enterprise funds. All appropriated budgets for governmental funds are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). Enterprise fund budgets are adopted on a non-gaap budgetary basis. The annual appropriated budget covers a period from October 1 through September 30.

All appropriations other than appropriations for incomplete improvements in progress in construction lapse at the end of the fiscal year. Appropriation accounts remain open until the first Monday in November for payment of claims incurred against such appropriations prior to the close of the fiscal year. After the first Monday in November, the appropriations except for the incomplete improvements become null and void and any lawful claims presented thereafter against any subsequent appropriation will be provided for in the ensuing budget. All balances in any appropriation for incomplete improvements in progress in construction are carried forward and shown in the appropriated budget for the ensuing year.

All County department heads are required to submit their annual budget requests to the County Auditor. The County Auditor is the Budget Officer, and as such budget officer, it is his duty to compile and prepare a preliminary budget for consideration by the County Commissioners. The budget is prepared by fund, department, activity and object and includes expenditures for the prior two years, year to date, the prior year appropriated budget and requested appropriations for the next fiscal year. On or before the first Monday in August, the County Budget Officer submits the proposed budget to the County Commissioners for review and approval. When the tentative budget has been approved it must be published in a newspaper. On or before the Tuesday following the first Monday in September of each year, the Board of Commissioners shall meet and hold a public budget hearing at which time any taxpayer may appear and be heard upon any part or parts of said tentative budget. Such hearing may be continued from day to day until concluded, but not to exceed a total of five (5) days.

Upon the conclusion of such hearing, the County Commissioners shall fix and determine the amount of the appropriated budget for each department of the County, separately, which in no event shall be greater than the amount of the tentative budget and by resolution adopt the appropriated budget as the official minutes of the board.

During the fiscal year only the Board of County Commissioners may amend the annual appropriated budget by unanimous resolution, through the courts or by the budget hearing process. The appropriated budget can be adjusted to reflect receipt of unscheduled revenue, grants or donations from Federal, State or local governments or private sources, provided that previously budgeted funds are not increased and that there shall be no increase in anticipated property taxes. The legal level of budgetary control is at the object level (personal services and other charges and services; including capital outlay) within each department. During the fiscal year 2009, \$125,428 of appropriations was amended between departments and \$1,439,973 was added to appropriations through budget hearings.

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is not utilized by Canyon County because it is at the present considered not necessary to assure effective budgetary control or facilitate effective cash planning control.

## COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES



#### **Nonmajor Governmental Funds**

#### Special Revenue Funds

Special revenue funds are used to account for specific revenues that are legally restricted to expenditures for particular purposes.

<u>Charity Fund</u> - This fund was established by the authority of Idaho Code 31-3501, in order to safeguard the public health, safety and welfare, and to provide suitable provisions for the care and medical needs of indigent persons of Canyon County.

The maximum property tax levy of this fund is: (.10%) .001000

The current levy is: (.0232575%) .000232575

<u>Weed Control Fund</u> - This fund was established by the authority of Idaho Code 22-2482, in order to control the spread of and to eradicate noxious weeds on lands in Canyon County.

The maximum property tax levy of this fund is: (.06%) .000600

The current levy is: (.0024065%) .000024065

<u>Assessor's Reappraisal Fund</u> - This fund was established by the authority of Idaho Code 63-221, in order to provide a continuing program of valuation of all properties and that all parcels of property under the Assessor's jurisdiction in Canyon County are appraised at current market value for assessment purposes.

The maximum property tax levy of this fund is: (.04%) .000400

The current levy is: (.0166400%) .000166400

<u>District Court Fund</u> - This fund was established by the authority of Idaho Code 31-867, to pay for all court expenditures other than courthouse construction or remodeling and the salaries of the deputies of the District Court Clerk.

The maximum property tax levy of this fund is: (.04%) .000400

The current levy is: (.0158293%) .000158293

<u>Health District Fund</u> - This fund was established by the authority of Idaho Code 31-862, to be expended solely and exclusively for preventive health services.

The maximum property tax levy of this fund is: (.04%) .000400

The current levy is: .0094913%) .000094913

<u>County Fair Fund</u> - This fund was established by the authority of Idaho Code 31-823, for the purpose of collection, preparing and maintaining an exhibition of the products and industries of Canyon County at the County Fair.

The maximum property tax levy of this fund is: (.02%) .000200

The current levy is: (.0040016%) .000040016

<u>Parks and Recreation Fund</u> - This fund was established by the authority of Idaho Code 63-908, for the use and purpose of public parks and public recreation facilities.

The maximum property tax levy for this fund is: (.01%) .000100

The current levy is: (.0060200%) .000060200

<u>Historical Society Fund</u> - This fund was established by the authority of Idaho Code 31-864, for the support of County or local historical societies.

The maximum property tax levy for this fund is: (.012%) .000120

The current levy is: (.0016786%) .000016786

#### Nonmajor governmental funds continued:

#### **Special Revenue Funds Continued:**

<u>Pest Control Fund</u> - This fund was established by the authority of Idaho Code 25-2619, for the purpose of taking all steps the Board may deem necessary for the extermination of pests.

The maximum property tax levy for this fund is: (.02%) .000200

The current levy is: (.0051292%) .000051292

<u>Melba Gopher Fund</u> - This fund was established by the authority of Idaho Code 25-2619, for the purpose of taking all steps the Board may deem necessary for the extermination of pests.

The maximum property tax levy for this fund is: (.02%) .000200

The current levy is: (.0116337%) .000116337

<u>Court Device Fund</u> - This fund was established by the authority of Idaho Code 18-8008, to assist a defendant in paying for ignition interlock or electronic monitoring devices.

This fund does not levy a tax.

<u>Waterways Fund</u> - This fund is used to account for the maintenance and improvements of the public waters of the State which are within the County and for law enforcement activities related to enforcement on public waterways.

This fund does not levy a tax.

<u>Court Facilities Fund</u> - This fund was established by the authority of Idaho Code 31-867 and shall be used for the expenditures for planning, remodeling and construction of court facilities.

This fund does not levy a tax.

<u>Emergency Communications</u> - This fund is used to account for the purchases of 911 communications equipment and enhancements.

This fund does not levy a tax.

<u>Technology Fund</u> - This fund is used to account for users fees for various program applications throughout county departments .

This fund does not levy a tax.

<u>Interim Mosquito Abatement Fund</u> – This fund was established by the authority of Idaho Code 39-2812 for the timely response to an elevated pest population that may constitute a risk to public health.

The maximum property tax levy for this fund is: (.01%) .000100

The current levy is .000037653

#### **Debt Service Fund**

The debt service fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources and payment of general obligation bond principal and interest from governmental resources.

There is no limit to the amount that can be levied for this fund.

This fund did not levy for 2009.

Special Revenue

				•				
	Charity	(	Weed Control		ssessor's appraisal		District Court	Health District
ASSETS								
Current assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 217,435	\$	93,437	\$	212,389	\$	848,025	\$ 62,572
Investments	171,010		72,550		167,123		668,492	49,230
Receivables (net of allowances for uncollectibles):								
Interest	3,437		-		-		4,813	-
Taxes-delinquent	164,320		21,410		144,251		123,385	78,350
Accounts	-		15,398		-		30,314	-
Intergovernmental	-		-		-		159,436	-
Prepaid items	 				-		780	 <u> </u>
Total assets	\$ 556,202	\$	202,795	\$	523,763	\$	1,835,245	\$ 190,152
LIABILITIES								
Liabilities:								
Vouchers payable	\$ 85,458	\$	21,985	\$	10,412	\$	61,324	\$ -
Deferred revenue	 164,320		21,410		144,251		123,385	 78,350
Total liabilities	 249,778		43,395		154,663		184,709	 78,350
FUND BALANCES								
Reserved for:								
Debt service	_		_		_		_	_
Prepaid items	_		_		_		780	_
Undesignated	306,424		159,400		369,100		1,649,756	111,802
on accignated	 000,		100,100		300,.00		.,0.0,.00	 ,002
Total fund balances	306,424		159,400		369,100		1,650,536	111,802
Total Taria balances	 500,724	_	100,400	_	505,100	_	1,000,000	 111,002
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 556,202	\$	202,795	\$	523,763	\$	1,835,245	\$ 190,152

**Special Revenue** 

Continued:	County Fair	Parks and Recreation	Historical Society	Pest Control	Melba Gopher	
ASSETS						
Current assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 230,919	\$ 104,268	\$ 22,363	\$ 136,526	\$ 3,481	
Investments	567,807	82,914	18,137	106,233	3,887	
Receivables (net of allowances for uncollectibles):						
Interest	1,723	-	-	-	-	
Taxes-delinquent	34,069	50,944	15,281	18,569	793	
Accounts	3,624	-	-	-	-	
Intergovernmental	-	-	-	3,489	803	
Prepaid items	1,555,031			<u> </u>		
Total assets	\$ 2,393,173	\$ 238,126	\$ 55,781	\$ 264,817	\$ 8,964	
LIABILITIES						
Liabilities:						
Vouchers payable	\$ 12,137	\$ 5,456	\$ -	\$ 3,879	\$ -	
Deferred revenue	40,528	50,944	15,281	18,569	793	
Total liabilities	52,665	56,400	15,281	22,448	793	
FUND BALANCES						
Reserved for:						
Debt service	-	-	-	-	-	
Prepaid items	1,555,031	-	-	-	-	
Undesignated	785,477	181,726	40,500	242,369	8,171	
Total fund balances	2,340,508	181,726	40,500	242,369	8,171	
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 2,393,173	\$ 238,126	\$ 55,781	\$ 264,817	\$ 8,964	

Special Revenue

					Spec	iai Kevenu	е			
					Emergency					
	(	Court				Court		Comm		
Continued:		evice	W	aterways		acilities		Center	Te	chnology
ASSETS										
Current assets										
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	3,922	\$	93,732	\$	168,650	\$	1,392,776	\$	99,370
Investments		3,887		73,845		132,144		192,053		77,732
Receivables (net of allowances for		•		,		•		,		,
uncollectibles):										
Interest		_		_		_		_		_
Taxes-delinquent		_		_		_		_		_
Accounts		_		1,248		_		161,344		26,507
Intergovernmental		_		1,240		_		101,011		20,007
Prepaids items		_		_		_		8,017		3,562
r repaids items					-		_	0,017	-	0,002
Total assets	\$	7,809	\$	168,825	\$	300,794	\$	1,754,190	\$	207,171
LIABILITIES										
Liabilities:										
Vouchers payable	\$	_	\$	480	\$	_	\$	12,304	\$	53
Deferred revenue	Ψ	_	Ψ	-	Ψ	_	Ψ	,00.	Ψ	-
Bololica Tovoliac										
Total liabilities		-		480		-		12,304		53
FUND BALANCES										
Reserved for:										
Debt service		-		-		-		-		-
Prepaid items		-		-		-		8,017		3,562
Undesignated		7,809		168,345		300,794		1,733,869		203,556
Total fund balances		7,809		168,345		300,794		1,741,886		207,118
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	7,809	\$	168,825	\$	300,794	\$	1,754,190	\$	207,171

		Special	Reve	enue				
	Interim							Total
	N	losquito					ı	Nonmajor
Continued:	Al	oatement	_	Totals	Deb	t Service	Governmental	
ASSETS								
Current assets								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	73,904	\$	3,763,769	\$	10,474	\$	3,774,243
Investments		58,299		2,445,343		9,069		2,454,412
Receivables (net of allowances for uncollectibles):								
Interest		-		9,973		-		9,973
Taxes-delinquent		10,373		661,745		-		661,745
Accounts		-		238,435		-		238,435
Intergovernmental		-		163,728		-		163,728
Prepaid items			_	1,567,390		<del>-</del>	_	1,567,390
Total assets	\$	142,576	\$	8,850,383	\$	19,543	\$	8,869,926
LIABILITIES								
Liabilities:								
Vouchers payable	\$	-	\$	213,488	\$	-	\$	213,488
Deferred revenue		10,373	_	668,204		<del>-</del>	_	668,204
Total liabilities		10,373		881,692		<u> </u>	_	881,692
FUND BALANCES								
Reserved for:								
Debt service		-		-		19,543		19,543
Prepaid items		-		1,567,390		-		1,567,390
Undesignated		132,203	_	6,401,301		<u>-</u>	_	6,401,301
Total fund balance		132,203		7,968,691		19,543		7,988,234
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	142,576	\$	8,850,383	\$	19,543	\$	8,869,926

## COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2009

	Special Revenue									
	Charity	Weed Control	Assessor's Reappraisal	District Court	Health District					
REVENUES										
Taxes	\$ 2,215,127	\$ 237,485	\$ 1,613,695	\$ 1,520,627	\$ 917,472					
Licenses and permits	-	-	-	-	-					
Intergovernmental	-	1,214	-	1,111,743	-					
Charges for services Fines and forfeits	216,548	87,289	-	1,169,076 633,299	-					
Miscellaneous	34,931	- 441	-	86,811	-					
Miscellarieous	34,931	441	<u>-</u>	00,011	<u>-</u>					
Total revenues	2,466,606	326,429	1,613,695	4,521,556	917,472					
EXPENDITURES										
Current:										
General government	-	-	1,418,670	3,858,295	-					
Public safety	-	-	-	-	-					
Public works	-	221,666	-	-	-					
Health	-	-	-	-	807,382					
Welfare	2,503,576	-	-	-	-					
Culture and recreation	<del>-</del>	<del>-</del>	<del>-</del>	<del>_</del>	<del>-</del>					
Total expenditures	2,503,576	221,666	1,418,670	3,858,295	807,382					
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over										
(under) expenditures	(36,970)	104,763	195,025	663,261	110,090					
Other financing sources (uses):										
Sale of capital assets	_	_	_	_	_					
Transfers in (out)	-	-	12,231	-	-					
Total other financing sources (uses)			12,231							
Net change in fund balances	(36,970)	104,763	207,256	663,261	110,090					
Fund balances, October 1	343,394	54,637	161,844	987,275	1,712					
	<u></u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<del> </del>						

Continued:

\$ 111,802

\$ 159,400

369,100

\$ 1,650,536

\$ 306,424

Fund balances, September 30

## COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2009

Special Revenue	
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		Special Revenue										
Continued:		County Fair		Parks & Recreation		Historical Society		Pest Control		/lelba opher		
REVENUES	•	000.400	•	<b>500.000</b>	•	100 501	•	400 500	•	0.000		
Taxes	\$	390,102	\$	583,220	\$	163,591	\$	182,569	\$	8,629		
Licenses and permits Intergovernmental		_		-		_		- 15,243		- 1,244		
Charges for services		_		3,983		_		540		-		
Fines and forfeits		_		-		_		-		-		
Miscellaneous	_	560,064		50		<u> </u>		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		
Total revenues		950,166		587,253		163,591		198,352		9,873		
EXPENDITURES												
Current:												
General government		-		-		-		-		-		
Public safety Public works		-		-		-		- 195,096		- 7,500		
Health		-		-		-		195,090		7,500		
Welfare		_		_		_		_		_		
Culture and recreation		822,372		486,589		123,693		<u>-</u>				
Total expenditures		822,372		486,589		123,693		195,096		7,500		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over												
(under) expenditures	_	127,794		100,664		39,898		3,256		2,373		
Other financing sources (uses):												
Sale of capital assets		19,602		-		-		-		-		
Transfers in (out)		3,800		-		-		-		-		
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	23,402			_							
Net change in fund balances		151,196		100,664		39,898		3,256		2,373		
Fund balances, October 1		2,189,312		81,062		602	-	239,113		5,798		
Fund balances, September 30	\$	2,340,508	\$	181,726	\$	40,500	\$	242,369	\$	8,171		

## COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2009

	Special Revenue										
Continued:	Court Device	Waterways	Court Facilities	Emergency Comm Center	Technology						
REVENUES											
Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -						
Licenses and permits	-	118,782	-	-	-						
Intergovernmental	-	61,523	-	1,957,719	-						
Charges for services	32,201	-	109,930	1,072,243	178,919						
Fines and forfeits		-	-	-	-						
Miscellaneous				33,126							
Total revenues	32,201	180,305	109,930	3,063,088	178,919						
EXPENDITURES											
Current:											
General government	-	-	6,512	-	282,769						
Public safety	25,009	-	-	4,050,865	-						
Public works	-	-	-	-	-						
Health	-	-	-	-	-						
Welfare	-	<u>-</u>	-	-	-						
Culture and recreation		124,600		<del>-</del>	<u> </u>						
Total expenditures	25,009	124,600	6,512	4,050,865	282,769						
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over											
(under) expenditures	7,192	55,705	103,418	(987,777)	(103,850)						
Other financing sources (uses):											
Sale of capital assets	_	-	-	_	-						
Transfers in (out)	-	-	-	-	-						
Total other financing sources (uses)											
Net change in fund balances	7,192	55,705	103,418	(987,777)	(103,850)						
Fund balances, October 1	617	112,640	197,376	2,729,663	310,968						

Continued:

\$ 207,118

\$ 168,345

\$ 300,794

\$ 1,741,886

\$ 7,809

Fund balances, September 30

## COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2009

	Special	Revenue		
	Interim			Total
	Mosquito			Nonmajor
Continued:	Abatement	Totals	Debt Service	Governmental
REVENUES				
Taxes	\$ 132,203	\$ 7,964,720	\$ 3,683	\$ 7,968,403
Licenses and permits	-	118,782	-	118,782
Intergovernmental	-	3,148,686	-	3,148,686
Charges for services	-	2,870,729	-	2,870,729
Fines and forfeits	-	633,299	-	633,299
Miscellaneous		715,423		715,423
Total revenues	132,203	15,451,639	3,683	15,455,322
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
General government	-	5,566,246	-	5,566,246
Public safety	-	4,075,874	-	4,075,874
Public works	-	424,262	-	424,262
Health	-	807,382	-	807,382
Welfare	-	2,503,576	-	2,503,576
Culture and recreation		1,557,254		1,557,254
Total expenditures		14,934,594	<u>-</u>	14,934,594
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over				
(under) expenditures	132,203	517,045	3,683	520,728
Other financing sources (uses):				
Sale of capital assets	_	19,602	_	19,602
Transfers in(out)	-	16,031	(16,031)	-
Total other financing sources (uses)		35,633	(16,031)	19,602
Net change in fund balances	132,203	552,678	(12,348)	540,330
Fund balances, October 1		7,416,013	31,891	7,447,904
Fund balances, September 30	\$ 132,203	\$ 7,968,691	\$ 19,543	\$ 7,988,234

#### **CHARITY SPECIAL REVENUE FUND**

	Budgeted Amounts  Original Final			Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)		
	<u> </u>						
REVENUES							
Taxes	\$	2,278,303	\$	2,278,303	\$ 2,215,127	\$	(63,176)
Charges for services		125,000		205,000	216,548		11,548
Miscellaneous (interest)		85,000	_	85,000	34,931		(50,069)
Total revenues		2,488,303	_	2,568,303	2,466,606		(101,697)
EXPENDITURES Current:							
Personal services		470 604		464 606	460,004		1 COE
		470,691		461,696	460,001		1,695
Other charges & services		1,954,580	_	2,043,575	2,043,575		
Total expenditures		2,425,271		2,505,271	2,503,576		1,695
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over (under) expenditures		63,032		63,032	(36,970)		(100,002)
Fund balances - beginning		343,394		343,394	343,394		
Fund balances - ending	<u>\$</u>	406,426	\$	406,426	\$ 306,424	<u>\$</u>	(100,002)

#### WEED CONTROL SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

					Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive		
	0	riginal		Final		Amounts	(N	legative)
REVENUES								
Taxes	\$	235,739	\$	235,739	\$	237,485	\$	1,746
Intergovernmental		-	•	4,047		1,214		(2,833)
Charges for services		50,000		50,000		87,289		37,289
Miscellaneous		<u>-</u>		<u> </u>		441		441
Total revenues		285,739		289,786		326,429		36,643
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
Personal services		220,438		220,438		160,324		60,114
Other charges & services		66,965		71,012		61,342		9,670
Total expenditures		287,403	_	291,450		221,666		69,784
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures		(1,664)		(1,664)		104,763		106,427
Fund balances - beginning		54,637		54,637		54,637		
Fund balances - ending	\$	52,973	\$	52,973	\$	159,400	\$	106,427

#### ASSESSOR'S REAPPRAISAL SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

	Original and Final Budgeted Amounts	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES Taxes	\$ 1,630,052	\$ 1,613,695	\$ (16,357)		
Taxes	ψ 1,000,002	ψ 1,010,000	ψ (10,551)		
Total revenues	1,630,052	1,613,695	(16,357)		
EXPENDITURES Current:					
Personal services	1,446,833	1,376,308	70,525		
Other charges & services	106,685	42,362	64,323		
Total expenditures	1,553,518	1,418,670	134,848		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	76,534	195,025	118,491		
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in	<del>-</del>	12,231	12,231		
Total other financing sources (uses)	<u> </u>	12,231	12,231		
Net change in fund balances	76,534	207,256	130,722		
Fund balances - beginning	161,844	161,844	130,722		
Fund balances - ending	\$ 238,378	\$ 369,100	\$ 130,722		

#### DISTRICT COURT SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

	Budgeted Amounts  Original Final			Actual Amounts			Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES								
Taxes	\$	1,550,638	\$	1,550,638	\$	1,520,627	,	\$ (30,011)
Intergovernmental		1,105,441		1,110,441		1,111,743		1,302
Charges for services		1,141,420		1,141,420		1,169,076		27,656
Fines and forfeits		550,000		550,000		633,299		83,299
Miscellaneous		113,000		134,130		86,811	-	(47,319)
Total revenues		4,460,499		4,486,629	_	4,521,556	-	34,927
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
Personal services		3,277,582		3,277,582		3,022,579		255,003
Other charges & services		1,235,647	_	1,261,777	_	835,716	-	426,061
Total expenditures		4,513,229		4,539,359	_	3,858,295	-	681,064
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures		(52,730)		(52,730)		663,261		715,991
Fund balances - beginning		987,275		987,275	_	987,275	-	<u>-</u>
Fund balances - ending	\$	934,545	\$	934,545	\$	1,650,536	<u>.</u>	\$ 715,991

### **HEALTH DISTRICT SPECIAL REVENUE FUND**

	Original and Final Budgeted Amounts	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES		<b>A</b> 047 470	<b>A</b> (40.004)	
Taxes	\$ 929,763	<u>\$ 917,472</u>	\$ (12,291)	
Total revenues	929,763	917,472	(12,291)	
EXPENDITURES Current:				
Other charges & services	807,382	807,382	<del>-</del>	
Total expenditures	807,382	807,382	<del>-</del>	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over (under) expenditures	122,381	110,090	(12,291)	
Fund balances - beginning	1,712	1,712	<u>-</u>	
Fund balances - ending	<u>\$ 124,093</u>	<u>\$ 111,802</u>	<u>\$ (12,291)</u>	

### **COUNTY FAIR SPECIAL REVENUE FUND**

	Original and Final Budgeted Amounts	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES				
Taxes	\$ 391,996	\$ 390,102	\$ (1,894)	
Miscellaneous	686,210	560,064	(126,146)	
Total revenues	1,078,206	950,166	(128,040)	
EXPENDITURES Current:				
Personal services	210,245	216,883	(6,638)	
Other charges & services	579,880	573,168	6,712	
Capital outlay	71,680	32,321	39,359	
Capital Callay		<u> </u>		
Total expenditures	861,805	822,372	39,433	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over (under) expenditures	216,401	127,794	(88,607)	
Other financing sources (uses):				
Sale of capital assets	-	19,602	19,602	
Transfers in	<del>_</del>	3,800	3,800	
Total other financing sources (uses)	<del></del>	23,402	23,402	
Net change in fund balances	216,401	151,196	(65,205)	
Fund balances - beginning	2,189,312	2,189,312	<del>-</del>	
Fund balances - ending	\$ 2,405,713	\$ 2,340,508	\$ (65,205)	

### PARKS AND RECREATION SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

	Original and Final Budgeted Amounts	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES				
Taxes	\$ 589,722	\$ 583,220	\$ (6,502)	
Charges for services	5,000	3,983	(1,017)	
Miscellaneous	10,000	50	(9,950)	
Total revenues	604,722	587,253	(17,469)	
EXPENDITURES Current:				
Personal services	498,558	439,539	59,019	
Other charges & services	115,410	47,050	68,360	
Total expenditures	613,968	486,589	127,379	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over (under) expenditures	(9,246)	100,664	109,910	
Fund balances - beginning	81,062	81,062		
Fund balances - ending	<u>\$ 71,816</u>	\$ 181,726	\$ 109,910	

### HISTORICAL SOCIETY SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

	Fina	ginal and I Budgeted mounts		Actual mounts	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES						
Taxes	\$	164,433	<u>\$</u>	163,591	\$	(842)
Total revenues		164,433		163,591		(842)
EXPENDITURES Current:						
Other charges & services		123,693		123,693		
Total expenditures		123,693		123,693		<u>-</u>
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures		40,740		39,898		(842)
Fund balances - beginning		602		602		<u>-</u>
Fund balances - ending	<u>\$</u>	41,342	<u>\$</u>	40,500	\$	(842)

### PEST CONTROL SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

	Budgeted Amounts Actual			Variance with Final Budget - Positive				
	Or	iginal		Final		mounts	-	egative)
REVENUES								
Taxes	\$	183,612	\$	183,612	\$	182,569	\$	(1,043)
Intergovernmental	*	17.500	Ψ	17,500	Ψ	15,243	Ψ	(2,257)
Charges for services		3,000		3,000		540		(2,460)
Total revenues		204,112		204,112		198,352		(5,760)
EXPENDITURES Current:								
Personal services		41,629		71,629		67,548		4,081
Other charges & services		172,323		142,323		108,091		34,232
Capital outlay		4,000		4,000		19,457		(15,457)
Total expenditures		217,952		217,952		195,096		22,856
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures		(13,840)		(13,840)		3,256		17,096
Fund balances - beginning		239,113		239,113		239,113		<u>-</u>
Fund balances - ending	\$	225,273	\$	225,273	\$	242,369	\$	17,096

### MELBA GOPHER SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

	Final	ginal and Budgeted mounts	ctual nounts	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES						
Taxes	\$	8,546	\$ 8,629	\$	83	
Intergovernmental		600	 1,244		644	
Total revenues		9,146	 9,873		727	
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
Other charges & services		7,500	 7,500		<u>-</u>	
Total expenditures		7,500	 7,500			
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures		1,646	2,373		727	
Fund balances - beginning		5,798	 5,798			
Fund balances - ending	\$	7,444	\$ 8,171	\$	727	

### COURT DEVICE SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

	Original and Final Budgeted Amounts	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES				
Charges for services	\$ 40,000	\$ 32,201	\$ (7,799)	
Total revenues	40,000	32,201	(7,799)	
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
Personal services	56,219	25,009	31,210	
Other charges & services	1,188	<del>-</del>	1,188	
Total expenditures	57,407	25,009	32,398	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over (under) expenditures	(17,407)	7,192	24,599	
Fund balances - beginning	617	617		
Fund balances - ending	\$ (16,790)	\$ 7,809	\$ 24,599	

### WATERWAYS SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

	Original and Final Budgeted Amounts	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
REVENUES			
Licenses and permits	\$ 75,000	\$ 118,782	\$ 43,782
Intergovernmental	50,000	61,523	11,523
Total revenues	125,000	180,305	55,305
EXPENDITURES			
Current:			
Personal services	116,662	112,793	3,869
Other charges & services	658,500	11,807	646,693
Capital outlay	5,000		5,000
Total expenditures	780,162	124,600	655,562
Excess (deficiency) of revenues			
over (under) expenditures	(655,162)	55,705	710,867
Fund balances - beginning	112,640	112,640	<del></del>
Fund balances - ending	\$ (542,522)	<u>\$ 168,345</u>	\$ 710,867

### **COURT FACILITIES SPECIAL REVENUE FUND**

	Original and Final Budgeted Amounts	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES Charges for services	\$ 100,000	\$ 109,930	\$ 9,930		
Changes for solviess	<u> </u>	Ψ 100,000	φ 0,000		
Total revenues	100,000	109,930	9,930		
EXPENDITURES Current:					
Other charges & services	200,000	6,512	193,488		
Total expenditures	200,000	6,512	193,488		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures Fund balances - beginning	(100,000) 197,376	103,418 197,376	203,418		
Fund balances - ending	\$ 97,376	\$ 300,794	\$ 203,418		

### **EMERGENCY COMMUNICATIONS SPECIAL REVENUE FUND**

	Budgeted Amounts Actual			Variance with Final Budget - Positive	
	 Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)	
REVENUES					
Charges for services Intergovernmental	\$ 1,300,000	\$ 1,300,000 750,000	\$ 1,072,243 1,957,719	\$ (227,757) 1,207,719	
Miscellaneous/interest	 20,000	20,000	33,126	13,126	
Total revenues	 1,320,000	2,070,000	3,063,088	993,088	
EXPENDITURES Current:					
Personal services	-	64,660	63,370	1,290	
Other charges & services	450,560	1,200,560	692,530	508,030	
Capital outlay	 4,255,155	4,190,495	3,294,965	895,530	
Total expenditures	 4,705,715	5,455,715	4,050,865	1,404,850	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over (under) expenditures	(3,385,715)	(3,385,715)	(987,777)	2,397,938	
Fund balances - beginning	 2,729,663	2,729,663	2,729,663	<del>-</del>	
Fund balances - ending	\$ (656,052)	\$ (656,052)	\$ 1,741,886	\$ 2,397,938	

### TECHNOLOGY SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

	Budgeted Amounts Actual			Variance with Final Budget - Positive				
		Original		Final	A	mounts	(N	egative)
REVENUES								
Charges for services	\$	150,000	\$	200,000	\$	178,919	\$	(21,081)
Total revenues		150,000		200,000		178,919		(21,081)
EXPENDITURES Current:								
Personal services		120,332		120,332		114,767		5,565
Other charges & services		71,489		121,489		168,002		(46,513)
Total expenditures		191,821		241,821		282,769		(40,948)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures		(41,821)		(41,821)		(103,850)		(62,029)
Fund balances - beginning		310,968		310,968	_	310,968		<del>-</del>
Fund balances - ending	\$	269,147	\$	269,147	\$	207,118	\$	(62,029)

### INTERIM MOSQUITO ABATEMENT SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

	Fina	iginal and I Budgeted Imounts		Actual amounts	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES						<b></b>
Taxes	\$	140,000	<u>\$</u>	132,203	<u>\$</u>	(7,797)
Total revenues		140,000		132,203		(7,797)
EXPENDITURES Current:						
Other charges & services		140,000		<u>-</u>		140,000
Total expenditures		140,000		<u>-</u>		140,000
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		-		132,203		132,203
Fund balances - beginning		<del>-</del>		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>
Fund balances - ending	\$	<u>-</u>	<u>\$</u>	132,203	\$	132,203

### **DEBT SERVICE FUND**

	Original and Final Budgeted Amounts	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)			
REVENUES	Φ.	<b>4</b> 0.000	Φ 0.000			
Taxes	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 3,683	\$ 3,683			
Total revenues	<del>_</del>	3,683	3,683			
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	<u>-</u>	3,683	3,683			
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in (out)	<u>-</u> _	(16,031)	(16,031)			
Total other financing sources (uses)	<del>-</del>	(16,031)	(16,031)			
Net change in fund balances Fund balances - beginning	- 31,891	(12,348) 31,891	(12,348) 			
Fund balances - ending	\$ 31,891	\$ 19,543	\$ (12,348)			

### **AGENCY FUNDS**

Agency funds are used to account for assets held by the government as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments and/or other funds.

### **Agency Funds:**

<u>Taxing Districts</u> - This fund is used to account for the collection of property tax and other revenues billed and collected by the County on taxing districts behalf.

<u>Court Fund</u> - This fund is used to account for the collection of fines and fees to be distributed to other agencies and private persons.

Sheriff Fund - This fund is used to account for the collection of monies to be distributed to other funds and private persons.

<u>Motor Vehicle Fund</u> - This fund is used to account for the collection of automobile licenses and fees to be distributed to other funds and agencies.

State Fund - This fund is used to account for the collection of monies to be paid to the State.

<u>Unapp Other Fund</u> - This fund is used to account for the collection of taxes and other monies to be distributed to other funds.

<u>CCNU (City-County Narcotics Unit)</u> - This fund is used to account for drug forfeiture money to be distributed to other funds and private persons.

### **ALL AGENCY FUNDS**

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2009

	Balance 10/01/08	Additions	Deductions	Balance 09/30/09
TAXING DISTRICTS				
Assets Cash in bank/investments Receivables (net of allowances for uncollectibles):	\$ 868,023	\$ 119,078,977	\$ 119,325,528	\$ 621,472
Taxes-delinquent	7,094,403	119,057,008	115,754,693	10,396,718
Total assets	\$ 7,962,426	\$ 238,135,985	\$ 235,080,221	\$ 11,018,190
Liabilities Due to other taxing districts	\$ 7,962,426	\$ 238,135,985	\$ 235,080,221	<u>\$ 11,018,190</u>
Total liabilities <u>COURT</u>	\$ 7,962,426	\$ 238,135,985	\$ 235,080,221	\$ 11,018,190
Assets				
Cash in bank/investments Receivables (net of allowances for uncollectibles):	\$ 228,073	\$ 5,801,637	\$ 5,685,075	\$ 344,635
Accounts	5,882,014	7,243,522	5,882,014	7,243,522
Total assets	\$ 6,110,087	\$ 13,045,159	\$ 11,567,089	\$ 7,588,157
<b>Liabilities</b> Accounts payable	\$ 6,110,087	<u>\$ 13,045,159</u>	<u>\$ 11,567,089</u>	<u>\$ 7,588,157</u>
SHERIFF				
Assets Cash in bank/investments	\$ 426,703	\$ 4,049,720	\$ 4,177,598	\$ 298,825
Liabilities Accounts payable	\$ 426,703	\$ 4,049,720	\$ 4,177,598	\$ 298,825
MOTOR VEHICLE				
Assets Cash in bank/investments	\$ 198,59 <u>6</u>	\$ 11,950,422	\$ 11,998,112	\$ 150,906
<b>Liabilities</b> Accounts payable	<u>\$ 198,596</u>	\$ 11,950,422	\$ 11,998,112	\$ 150,906
				Continued:

# ALL AGENCY FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2009

Continued:	Balance 10/01/08	Additions	Deductions	Balance 09/30/09
STATE FUND				
Assets Cash in bank/investments	\$ 731,770	\$ 10,400,086	\$ 10,399,681	\$ 732,175
<b>Liabilities</b> Due to other agencies	\$ 731,770	\$ 10,400,086	\$ 10,399,681	\$ 732,175
UNAPP. OTHER				
Assets				
Cash in bank/investments	<u>\$ 941,514</u>	\$ 14,114,811	<u>\$ 14,520,322</u>	\$ 536,003
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	\$ 941,514	\$ 14,114,811	\$ 14,520,322	\$ 536,003
<u>CCNU</u>				
Assets				
Cash in bank/investments	<u>\$ 187,507</u>	\$ 77,378	\$ 76,400	<u>\$ 188,485</u>
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	\$ 187,507	\$ 77,378	\$ 76,400	\$ 188,485

Continued:

### **ALL AGENCY FUNDS**

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2009

Continued:	Balance 10/01/08	Additions	Deductions	Balance 09/30/09
All Agency Funds				
Assets				
Cash in bank/investments	\$ 3,582,186	\$ 165,473,031	\$ 166,182,716	\$ 2,872,501
Receivables (net of allowances for uncollectibles):				
Taxes-delinquent	7,094,403	119,057,008	115,754,693	10,396,718
Accounts	5,882,014	7,243,522	5,882,014	7,243,522
Total assets	\$ 16,558,603	\$ 291,773,561	\$ 287,819,423	\$ 20,512,741
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	\$ 7,864,407	\$ 43,237,490	\$ 42,339,521	\$ 8,762,376
Due to other agencies	731,770	10,400,086	10,399,681	732,175
Due to other taxing				
Districts	7,962,426	238,135,985	235,080,221	11,018,190
Total liabilities	\$ 16,558,603	\$ 291,773,561	\$ 287,819,423	\$ 20,512,741

# CAPITAL ASSETS USED IN THE OPERATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

# CAPITAL ASSETS USED IN THE OPERATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMPARATIVE SCHEDULE BY SOURCE

September 30, 2009 and 2008

	2009	2008
Governmental Funds Capital Assets:		
Land	\$ 6,326,753	\$ 6,016,753
Building	20,347,386	18,806,969
Improvements other than buildings	576,567	631,996
Machinery and equipment	4,190,588	3,600,108
Construction in progress	4,440,518	1,549,290
Total capital assets	\$ 35,881,812	\$ 30,605,116
Investment in general funds capital assets by source:		
General obligation bonds	\$ 2,061,668	\$ 2,511,650
Federal revenue sharing	9,131,164	9,131,164
Federal grants	4,486,389	1,494,838
General fund revenues	16,231,822	14,937,794
Special revenue fund revenues	3,843,144	2,402,045
Special revenue fund revenue sharing	127,625	127,625
Total governmental funds capital assets	\$ 35,881,812	\$ 30,605,116

This schedule presents only the capital asset balances used in governmental funds.

# STATE OF IDAHO CANYON COUNTY CAPITAL ASSETS USED IN THE OPERATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SCHEDULE BY FUNCTION AND ACTIVITY September 30, 2009

Function and Activity	Land	Buildings	Machinery and Equipment	Improvements Other than Buildings	Total
General Government:	_				
Judicial	\$ -	\$ 183,248	\$ 12,374	\$ 1,075	\$ 196,697
Financial and administrative	-	-	551,726	-	551,726
Legal	-	-	113,924	-	113,924
Other general government services	<u>-</u>	-	826,684	67,032	893,716
General government buildings	5,221,437	18,413,046		162,363	23,796,846
Total general government	5,221,437	18,596,294	1,504,708	230,470	25,552,909
Public Safety:					
Law enforcement	-	4,072,376	2,561,006	-	6,633,382
Juvenile probation services	<u>-</u> _	<u>-</u> _	11,476	164,866	176,342
Total public safety		4,072,376	2,572,482	164,866	6,809,724
Public Works:					
Animal control	296,095	1,524,179	26,508	-	1,846,782
Extermination	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u> _	19,537	<u>-</u>	19,537
Total public works	296,095	1,524,179	46,045		1,866,319
Culture and Recreation:					
Motor boat license	-	65,866	16,477	30,232	112,575
Parks and recreation	19,920	112,731	12,099	98,753	243,503
Fair exhibition	789,300	416,457	38,779	52,245	1,296,781
Total culture and recreation	809,220	595,054	67,355	181,230	1,652,859
Total governmental funds					
capital assets	\$ 6,326,753	\$ 24,787,903	\$ 4,190,590	\$ 576,566	\$ 35,881,812
σαριταί ασσστο	Ψ 0,020,733	Ψ 27,101,000	Ψ 7,130,030	Ψ 370,300	Ψ 33,001,012

This schedule presents only the capital asset balances related to governmental funds.

## CAPITAL ASSETS USED IN THE OPERATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SCHEDULE OF CHANGES BY FUNCTION AND ACTIVITY

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2009

		vernmental nds Capital Assets					Fund	ernmental Is Capital ssets
Function and Activity	Octo	ober 1, 2008	Additio	ns	Deduction		<u>Septem</u>	ber 30, 2009
General government:	_							
Judicial	\$	205,263	\$	-	\$	8,564	\$	196,699
Financial and administrative		559,265	107,	,004		114,545		551,724
Legal		137,875		-		23,952		113,923
Other general government services		3,681,750	15,	,500		161,893		3,535,357
General government buildings		20,240,636	1,966,	576		539,736	_	21,667,476
Total general government		24,824,789	2,089,	080		848,690	_	26,065,179
Public safety:								
Law enforcement		1,973,661	5,040,	394		879,512		6,134,543
Juvenile probation services		185,500				9,159	_	176,341
Total public safety		2,159,161	5,040,	394		888,671	_	6,310,884
Public works:								
Animal Shelter		1,908,857		-		57,801		1,851,056
Extermination		14,452				12,008	_	2,444
Total public works		1,923,309				69,809	_	1,853,501
Culture and recreation:								
Motor boat license		133,067		_		15,706		117,361
Parks and recreation		253,622		-		15,516		238,106
Fair exhibition		1,311,168	32,	321		46,708		1,296,781
Total culture and recreation		1,697,857		321	_	77,930	_	1,652,248
Total governmental funds								
capital assets	\$	30,605,116	\$ 7,161,	795	\$	1,885,100	\$	35,881,812

This schedule presents only the capital asset balances related to governmental funds.

### STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of Canyon County's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the county's overall financial health.

Contents	Page
Financial Trends	
These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the county's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	92
Revenue Capacity	
These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the county's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.	97
Debt Capacity	
These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the county's current levels of outstanding debt and the county's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	101
Demographic and Economic Information	
These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the county's financial activities take place.	104
Operating Information	
These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the county's financial report relates to the services the county provides and the activities it performs.	106
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Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

# STATE OF IDAHO CANYON COUNTY NET ASSETS BY COMPONENT

### Last Seven Fiscal Years

(Accrual Basis of Accounting)

				Fiscal Year			
	2009	2008	<u>2007</u>	<u>2006</u>	<u>2005</u>	2004	2003
Governmental activities Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$ 35,096,290	\$ 29,752,579	\$ 28,487,805	\$ 22,872,844	\$ 21,823,084	\$ 20,489,475	\$ 19,006,999
Restricted Unrestricted	19,543 35,061,389	9,010,223 24,801,583	8,699,749 23,742,565	7,479,949 25,680,224	6,058,336 20,838,133	5,003,518 15,940,386	3,053,445 16,233,801
Total governmental activities net assets	\$ 70,177,222	\$ 63,564,386	\$ 60,930,119	\$ 56,033,017	\$ 48,719,553	\$ 41,433,379	\$ 38,294,245
Business-type activities Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted Unrestricted	\$ 9,109,534 2,382,387 6,305,702	\$ 9,153,741 2,375,770 5,990,436	\$ 5,413,412 5,996,757 5,206,851	\$ 5,611,790 5,200,770 4,058,398	\$ 4,515,626 4,423,851 4,394,400	\$ 4,368,728 3,754,431 3,768,202	\$ 4,177,808 3,166,673 3,381,350
Total business-type activities net assets	\$ 17,797,623	\$ 17,519,947	\$ 16,617,020	\$ 14,870,958	\$ 13,333,877	\$ 11,891,361	\$ 10,725,831
Primary government Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted Unrestricted	\$ 44,205,824 2,401,930 41,367,091	\$ 38,906,320 11,385,993 30,792,019	\$ 33,901,217 14,696,506 28,949,416	\$ 28,484,634 12,680,719 29,738,622	\$ 26,338,710 10,482,187 25,232,533	\$ 24,858,203 8,757,949 19,708,588	\$ 23,184,807 6,220,118 19,615,151
Total primary government net assets	\$ 87,974,845	\$ 81,084,333	\$ 77,547,139	\$ 70,903,975	\$ 62,053,430	\$ 53,324,740	\$ 49,020,076

Note: Accrual-basis financial information for Canyon County as a whole is only available back to 2003, the year GASB Statement 34 was implemented.

### STATE OF IDAHO CANYON COUNTY CHANGES IN NET ASSETS

### Last Seven Fiscal Years

(Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	Fiscal Year													
Expenses	2009		2008		2007		2006		2005		2004		2003	
Governmental activities:	<del></del>													
General government	\$ 28,700,368	\$	30,628,992	\$	28,485,593	\$	25,097,052	\$	19,980,040	\$	19,442,385	\$	18,903,954	
Public safety	24,270,127		25,914,836		23,421,269		22,301,187		19,037,818		18,203,219		17,510,703	
Public works	1,598,490		1,609,574		1,481,915		1,477,204		1,474,379		1,394,986		1,237,991	
Health and welfare	3,307,658		2,843,036		2,635,085		2,121,511		3,525,675		3,368,729		3,105,532	
Culture and recreation	1,796,288		1,860,171		1,637,167		1,475,421		1,344,837		1,179,725		1,203,487	
Education	-		38,541		60,000		67,252		107,260		60,000		92,000	
Interest on long-term debt	39,057	_	43,862	_	49,032	_	87,855	_	133,126	_	200,941		163,557	
Total governmental activities expenses	59,711,988		62,939,012	_	57,770,061	_	52,627,482		45,603,135		43,849,985	_	42,217,224	
Business-type activities:														
Sanitary landfill	2,720,110		2,697,219	_	2,407,924		2,257,506		1,838,856	_	1,634,259		1,538,119	
Total business-type activities expenses	2,720,110		2,697,219		2,407,924		2,257,506		1,838,856		1,634,259		1,538,119	
Total primary government expenses	\$ 62,432,098	\$	65,636,231	\$	60,177,985	\$	54,884,988	\$	47,441,991	\$	45,484,244	\$	43,755,343	
Program revenues														
Governmental activities:														
Charges for services:														
General government	\$ 7,699,922	\$	8,711,472	\$	11,152,478	\$	11,262,475	\$	8,953,916	\$	9,187,737	\$	8,020,609	
Public safety	4,413,874		4,991,949		5,022,278		4,559,619		4,235,090		3,777,620		2,819,351	
Public works	440,117		452,285		452,954		409,144		650,613		646,193		578,509	
Health and welfare	-		-		-		-		-		-		-	
Culture and recreation	682,427		703,461		595,116		516,556		355,620		294,232		68,215	
Education	-		-		-		-		-					
Operating grants and contributions	1,855,751		1,969,065		1,622,228		1,698,763		2,320,943		1,510,187		1,313,435	
Capital grants and contributions	2,701,734		740,236	_	81,698	_	196,049	_	834,616	_		_	119,723	
Total governmental activities program revenues	17,793,825		17,568,468		18,926,752		18,642,606	_	17,350,798		15,415,969		12,919,842	
Business-type activities:														
Charges for services:														
Landfill fees	2,716,487	_	3,136,680	_	3,387,569	_	3,433,846	_	2,955,004	_	2,676,573		2,547,406	
Total business-type activities program revenues	2,716,487		3,136,680	_	3,387,569		3,433,846		2,955,004		2,676,573	_	2,547,406	
Total primary government program revenues	\$ 20,510,312	\$	20,705,148	\$	22,314,321	\$	22,076,452	\$	20,305,802	\$	18,092,542	\$	15,467,248	

Continued:

### Changes in net assets continued:

				Fiscal Year									
	2009	2008	<u>2007</u>	2006	<u>2005</u>	2004	2003						
Net (expense)/Revenue													
Governmental activities	\$ (41,918,163)	\$ (45,370,544)	\$ (38,843,309)	\$ (33,984,876)	\$ (28,252,337)	\$ (28,434,016)	\$ (29,297,382)						
Business-type activities	(3,623)	439,461	979,645	1,176,340	1,116,148	1,042,314	1,009,287						
71					<del></del>		·						
Total primary government net expense	<u>\$ (41,921,786)</u>	<u>\$ (44,931,083)</u>	\$ (37,863,664)	\$ (32,808,536)	\$ (27,136,189)	\$ (27,391,702)	\$ (28,288,095)						
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Assets													
Governmental activities:													
Property taxes	\$ 39,719,187	\$ 36,754,510	\$ 32,428,125	\$ 30,880,758	\$ 27,281,862	\$ 24,126,315	\$ 23,841,443						
Intergovernmental	7,259,264	8,155,246	8,217,016	7,493,555	6,571,690	5,908,846	5,452,828						
Interest earnings	766,455	1,441,447	2,405,064	1,942,876	845,672	635,120	719,316						
Miscellaneous	783,455	781,755	677,896	981,151	839,287	865,124	745,032						
Gain/loss on sale of capital assets	2,638	871,853	12,310			1,571	(34,316)						
Total governmental activities	48,530,999	48,004,811	43,740,411	41,298,340	35,538,511	31,536,976	30,724,303						
Business-type activities:													
Interest earnings	281,259	440,351	645,907	330,431	325,606	114,876	112,678						
Gain or loss on sale of capital assets	-	(1,905)	117,371	-	762	7,390	1,005						
Miscellaneous	40	25,020	3,139	30,310		950	4,744						
Total business-type activities	281,299	463,466	766,417	360,741	326,368	123,216	118,427						
Total primary government	\$ 48,812,298	\$ 48,468,277	\$ 44,506,828	\$ 41,659,081	\$ 35,864,879	\$ 31,660,192	\$ 30,842,730						
Change in Not Access													
Change in Net Assets Governmental activities	\$ 6.612.836	\$ 2,634,267	\$ 4,897,102	\$ 7.313.464	\$ 7,286,174	\$ 3,102,960	\$ 1,426,921						
Business-type activities	277,676	902,927	1,746,062	1,537,081	1,442,516	1,165,530	1,127,714						
Total primary government	\$ 6,890,512	\$ 3,537,194	\$ 6,643,164	\$ 8,850,545	\$ 8,728,690	\$ 4,268,490	\$ 2,554,635						

Note: Accrual-basis financial information for Canyon County as a whole is only available back to 2003, the year GASB 34 was implemented.

# STATE OF IDAHO CANYON COUNTY FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

### Last Ten Fiscal Years

(Modified accrual basis of accounting)

		Fiscal Year																
		<u> 2009</u>	2008		<u>2007</u>		<u>2006</u>	<u>2005</u>		<u>2004</u>		2003		2002		<u>2001</u>		2000
General fund																		
Reserved	\$	185,207	\$ 123,11	7 \$	90,325	\$	-	\$ -	\$	455,916	\$	93,363	\$	56,597	\$	47,208	\$	37,092
Unreserved	18	3,336,978	19,123,91	3	13,854,912		14,872,747	10,427,607	_	7,711,967	_	6,752,865	_	6,833,906	_	8,081,767	_	6,844,717
Total general fund	\$ 18	3,522,185	\$ 19,247,03	5 \$	13,945,237	\$	14,872,747	\$ 10,427,607	\$	8,167,883	\$	6,846,228	\$	6,890,503	\$	8,128,975	\$	6,881,809
All other governmental funds Reserved	\$ 1	,618,354	\$ 114,588	5 \$	127,678	\$	235,019	\$ 448,231	\$	669,433	\$	674,256	\$	423,402	\$	194,011	\$	149,360
Unreserved, reported in Special revenue funds Capital projects funds	13	3,093,017	13,799,79	6 <u>-</u> _	18,795,533 <u>-</u>		18,329,263	16,043,540		13,345,057		11,490,286	_	10,925,673	_	11,545,541 257,664	_	9,933,601 1,997,660
Total all other government funds	\$ 14	1,711,371	\$ 13,914,38	1 \$	18,923,211	\$	18,564,282	\$ 16,491,771	\$	14,014,490	\$	12,164,542	\$	11,349,075	\$	11,997,216	\$	12,080,621

### **CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS**

### **Last Ten Fiscal Years**

### (Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

### Fiscal Year

										ristai	i eai									
		<u>2009</u>	2	<u> 2008</u>	2	2007		<u>2006</u>		<u>2005</u>		2004		2003		2002		<u>2001</u>		<u>2000</u>
Revenues																				
Taxes	\$	38,647,113	\$ 35	5,509,034	\$ 32	2,383,342	\$	30,896,385	\$ 2	7,360,709	\$ 24	4,275,785	\$ 2	3,785,194	\$ 2	1,751,347	\$ 2	20,130,196	\$ 1	18,598,320
Licenses & permits		1,222,581	1	,584,497	2	2,374,839		2,254,858		2,151,738	1	1,828,780		1,516,417		1,014,241		1,042,079		917,397
Intergovernmental		10,961,076	10	,592,375	10	0,161,138		9,161,714		8,872,566	7	7,475,711		6,870,955		6,528,750		6,007,133		5,739,248
Charges for services		11,302,389	12	2,027,630	12	2,055,329		13,550,276	1	1,394,493	11	1,357,026		9,405,394		8,800,292		7,772,921		6,494,690
Fines and forfeits		794,335		725,589		627,657		707,235		611,086		614,136		622,439		594,457		588,591		646,961
Miscellaneous		2,045,002	2	2,639,344	3	3,426,750		3,181,361		1,742,949	1	1,549,402		1,414,498		1,637,441		2,981,793		2,367,670
Total revenues		64,972,496	63	3,078,469	61	1,029,055		59,751,829	5	2,133,541	47	7,100,840	4	3,614,897	4	0,326,528	;	38,522,713	3	34,764,286
Expenditures																				
General government		33,205,819	36	,395,834	28	3,837,944		25,217,959	1	9,357,363	20	0,686,987	2	0,505,299	2	0,971,757	•	18,350,153	1	14,944,160
Public safety		24,948,713	23	3,522,185	20	),228,112		20,803,128	1	8,539,757	15	5,904,856	1:	5,111,579	1	4,722,638	•	13,275,544	1	11,781,874
Public works		1,528,496	1	,588,589	1	1,413,775		1,413,873		1,406,436	1	1,305,093		918,320		1,010,826		804,949		837,154
Health and welfare		3,310,958	2	2,837,674	2	2,638,188		2,119,606		3,521,275	3	3,370,093	:	3,100,576		2,933,798		2,565,807		2,167,041
Culture & recreation		1,764,334	1	,839,531	1	1,573,983		1,425,132		1,293,654	1	1,139,310		1,056,570		1,102,818		998,717		895,737
Education		-		38,541		60,000		67,252		107,260		60,000		92,000		92,000		57,000		57,000
Capital outlay		-		-	6	5,842,944		1,346,728		2,089,791		318,296		922,832		267,063		1,723,245		3,067,014
Debt service																				
Principal		121,675		-		-		900,000		900,000	1	1,020,000		980,000		940,000		900,000		845,000
Interest		39,886		_				40,500		81,000		124,602		163,557		202,350		238,215		185,821
Total expenditures		64,919,881	66	5,222,354	61	1,594,946	_	53,334,178	4	7,296,536	43	3,929,237	4	2,850,733	4	2,243,250	;	38,913,630	3	34,780,801
Excess of revenues																				
over(under)expenditures		52,615	(3	3 <u>,143,885</u> )		(565,891)		6,417,651		4,837,005	3	3,171,603		764,164	(	1,916,722)		(390,917)		(16,515)
Other financing sources(uses)																				
Proceeds from sale of bond		-		-		-		-		-		=		-		-		-		1,900,000
Sale of capital assets		19,602	3	,421,853		12,310		-		-		-		7,314		21,340		14,983		26,651
Transfers in		16,031		-		235,019		-		-		-		29,224		53,241		115,728		49,075
Transfers out	_	(16,031)				(235,019)								(29,224)		(55,178)		(115,728)		(169,454)
Total other financing sources(uses)	_	19,602	3	3,421,853		12,310		<u>-</u>				<u>-</u>		7,314		19,403		14,983		1,806,272
Net change in fund balances	\$	72,217	\$	277,968	\$	(553,581)	\$	6,417,651	\$	4,837,005	\$ 3	3,171,603	\$	771,478	\$ (	1,897,319)	\$	(375,934)	\$	1,789,757
Debt service as a percentage																				
of noncapital expenditures		0.0025%		-		-		1.81%		2.17%		2.62%		2.73%		2.72%		3.06%		3.25%

# STATE OF IDAHO CANYON COUNTY ASSESSED VALUE AND ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY (1) Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Real F			Total		
Fiscal	Residential	Commercial	Manufacturing		Personal		Direct
Year	<u>Property</u>	<u>Property</u>	<u>Property</u>	Other(4)	<u>Property</u>	<u>Total</u>	Tax rate(2)
2000	2,112,697,461	1,790,093,654	88,022,561	244,922,682	454,535,631	4,690,271,989	0.47
2001	2,109,839,987	1,904,652,907	91,159,763	163,479,915	672,539,750	4,941,672,322	0.44
2002	2,443,104,042	2,040,078,532	88,511,703	160,892,365	692,351,229	5,424,937,871	0.44
2003	2,797,386,654	2,003,345,243	81,109,312	162,089,665	665,096,198	5,709,027,072	0.44
2004	3,242,087,556	1,954,991,828	74,578,716	162,801,115	592,889,496	6,027,348,711	0.46
2005	3,636,952,601	2,031,244,322	73,582,156	164,773,380	584,516,273	6,491,068,732	0.47
2006	3,856,677,436	2,374,036,037	71,200,815	164,639,760	643,919,077	7,110,473,125	0.46
2007	6,251,694,646	2,153,792,734	- (3)	174,563,980	636,930,104	9,216,981,464	0.39
2008	6,839,158,426	2,414,985,985	- (3)	174,111,630	888,568,255	10,316,824,296	0.39
2009	5,695,753,778	2,021,774,944	- (3)	180,269,275	687,208,390	8,585,006,387	0.42

Notes:

- (1) Assessed and actual values are the same
- (2) Per \$1.00 of market value
- (3) Manufactured property included with personal property
- (4) Agricultural property

Source:

Property values from Canyon County property tax rolls

# STATE OF IDAHO CANYON COUNTY DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING PROPERTY TAX RATES Last Ten Fiscal Years

### Year Taxes Are Payable

				1 6	ai Taxes Ait	rayable				
	2009	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004	2003	2002	<u>2001</u>	2000
County Direct Rates	0.42	0.39	0.39	0.46	0.47	0.46	0.44	0.44	0.44	0.47
City Rates										
Caldwell	0.93	0.82	0.89	0.96	0.92	0.89	0.88	0.84	0.82	0.74
Nampa	0.83	0.71	0.72	0.80	0.87	0.86	0.86	0.87	0.86	0.76
Melba	0.44	0.38	0.41	0.45	0.47	0.45	0.44	0.42	0.42	0.42
Middleton	0.46	0.34	0.37	0.40	0.40	0.39	0.38	0.41	0.40	0.37
Notus	0.39	0.32	0.37	0.35	0.33	0.31	0.35	0.36	0.35	0.33
Parma	0.80	0.70	0.80	0.78	0.76	0.74	0.73	0.77	0.77	0.75
Wilder	0.86	0.80	0.81	0.79	0.82	0.80	0.79	0.78	0.74	0.72
Greenleaf	0.23	0.18	0.19	0.21	0.20	0.22	0.22	0.22	0.21	0.20
Star	0.27	0.20	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
School District Rates										
Meridian #2	0.35	0.36	0.37	0.39	0.67	0.63	0.65	0.66	0.67	0.67
Kuna #3	0.46	0.33	0.33	0.39	0.65	0.65	0.66	0.68	0.43	0.47
Nampa #131	0.33	0.37	0.34	0.40	0.68	0.72	0.70	0.70	0.73	0.73
Caldwell #132	0.37	0.40	0.45	0.45	0.68	0.68	0.73	0.73	0.70	0.67
Wilder #133	0.51	0.49	0.43	0.36	0.79	0.71	0.77	0.88	0.80	0.86
Middleton #134	0.44	0.44	0.44	0.44	0.72	0.74	0.76	0.56	0.52	0.49
Notus #135	0.40	0.22	0.28	0.35	0.74	0.79	0.78	0.78	0.81	0.76
Melba #136	0.49	0.53	0.53	0.54	0.67	0.68	0.63	0.64	0.65	0.59
Parma #137	0.53	0.53	0.56	0.64	0.79	0.79	0.74	0.72	0.75	0.71
Vallivue #139	0.51	0.52	0.52	0.53	0.79	0.81	0.79	0.81	0.79	0.77
Marsing #363	0.41	0.11	0.42	0.50	0.76	0.73	0.67	0.74	0.72	0.75
Homedale #370	0.42	0.31	0.29	0.37	0.67	0.68	0.64	0.66	0.70	0.73
Other District Rates	2.69	2.27	2.12	2.48	2.27	2.24	2.21	2.71	2.23	2.04

Note: Property tax rates are expressed as \$1.00 per market value.

Source: Canyon County property tax rolls

# STATE OF IDAHO CANYON COUNTY PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS Current Year and Nine Years Ago

		Fisca	ıl Year 200	9	Fiscal Year 2000				
Taxpayer			<u>Rank</u>	Percentage of total Co Taxable Assessed <u>Value</u>	Taxable Assessed <u>Value</u>	<u>Rank</u>	Percentage of total Co Taxable Assessed <u>Value</u>		
JR Simplot Co.		\$ 119,247,452	1	1.40%	\$ 114,927,367	3	2.45%		
Micron Technology		79,217,680	2	0.93%	133,476,277	1	2.85%		
Idaho Power		78,551,564	3	0.92%	48,482,283	5	1.03%		
Sorrento Lactalais		68,465,595	4	0.80%	23,301,277	9	0.50%		
DDR Nampa LLC		57,032,050	5	0.67%	-	0	-		
SSI Food Services		50,036,234	6	0.59%	37,122,942	6	0.79%		
Wal-Mart		38,057,136	7	0.45%	-	-	-		
Qwest Corporation		37,502,031	8	0.44%	48,516,626	4	1.04%		
Nagel Beverage		36,806,238	9	0.43%	-	-	-		
Nestle Food Co.		25,772,693	10	0.27%	29,148,090	7	0.62%		
Amalgamated Sugar		-	-	-	25,493,082	8	0.54%		
Zilog, Inc (1)		<del>-</del>		<u>-</u>	117,010,567	<u>2</u>	<u>2.50</u> %		
	Total	\$ 590,688,673		<u>6.90</u> %	\$ 577,478,511		<u>12.32</u> %		

Notes: (1) Zilog went out of business in 2003 Source: Canyon County Assessor's office

# STATE OF IDAHO CANYON COUNTY PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS Last Ten Fiscal Years

### Collected within the

	Total Tax	Fiscal Year	of the Levy	Coll	ections in	Total Collection	Total Collections to Date			
Fiscal	Levy for		Percentage	Su	bsequent		Percentage			
<u>Year</u>	Fiscal Year	<u>Amount</u>	of Levy		<u>Years</u>	<u>Amount</u>	of Levy			
2000 \$	20.716.127	\$ 17.433.210	84.2%	¢	462.419	\$ 17.895.629	86.4%			
2000 φ	20,710,127	\$ 17,433,210	04.2%	\$	402,419	\$ 17,695,629	00.4%			
2001	22,348,604	18,807,055	84.2%		637,818	19,444,873	87.0%			
2002	23,859,869	19,795,338	83.0%		763,848	20,559,186	86.2%			
2003	25,703,819	21,726,992	84.5%		834,839	22,561,831	87.8%			
2004	26,759,066	22,406,819	83.7%		892,035	23,298,854	87.1%			
2005	29,651,996	25,191,194	85.0%		509,761	25,700,955	86.7%			
2006	30,812,201	28,875,138	93.7%		702,233	29,577,371	96.0%			
2007	32,745,792	30,292,790	92.5%		994,955	31,287,745	95.5%			
2008	35,900,208	33,497,406	93.3%		834,843	34,332,249	95.6%			
2009	38,287,354	35,528,041	92.8%		-	35,528,041	92.8%			

Source: Canyon County property tax rolls

# STATE OFIDAHO CANYON COUNTY RATIOS OF GENERAL BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING Last Ten Fiscal Years

	General	Less Amounts Restricted to		Percentage of Estimated		
Fiscal	Obligation	Repaying		Actual Taxable	Per Capita	Capital
<u>Year</u>	<b>Bonds</b>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Total</u>	Value of property	<u>Income</u>	<u>Leases</u>
					(1)	
2000	\$ 5,640,000	\$ 149,360	\$ 5,490,640	0.12%	\$ 18,271	\$ -
2001	4,740,000	194,011	4,545,989	0.09%	18,271	-
2002	3,800,000	423,116	3,376,884	0.06%	18,271	-
2003	2,820,000	674,256	2,145,744	0.04%	18,690	-
2004	1,800,000	669,433	1,130,567	0.02%	19,432	1,258,833
2005	900,000	448,231	451,769	0.01%	19,432	1,164,482
2006	-	-	-	-	-	1,065,472
2007	-	-	-	-	-	961,571
2008	-	-	-	-	-	852,537
2009	-	-	-	-	-	785,523

Note: Bond was paid off in August of 2006

Source: (1) Idaho department of commerce and labor

# STATE OF IDAHO CANYON COUNTY DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT As of September 30, 2009

Governmental <u>Unit</u>	Debt <u>Outstanding</u>	Estimated Percentage <u>Applicable</u>	Estimated Share of Direct and Overlapping <u>Debt</u>
Cities:			
Caldwell	\$ 11,120,000	16.08%	\$ 1,788,044
Nampa	31,095,000	44.66%	13,886,271
Total cities	42,215,000		15,674,315
Fire Districts:			
Wilder	775,000	2.56%	19,825
Kuna	436,194	0.61%	2,678
Middleton	1,190,000	7.47%	88,863
Total fire districts	2,401,194		111,366
School Districts:			
Meridian #2	198,690,000	1.23%	2,452,399
Kuna #3	49,105,000	1.80%	885,936
Nampa #131	146,520,000	45.27%	66,333,466
Caldwell #132	39,185,000	13.26%	5,197,150
Wilder #133	7,940,000	2.04%	161,633
Middleton #134	41,150,000	8.97%	3,689,203
Notus #135	1,209,548	0.94%	11,336
Melba #136	4,360,000	1.43%	62,450
Parma #137	5,200,000	2.70%	140,278
Vallivue #139	68,435,000	21.18%	14,495,724
Marsing #363	3,181,768	0.29%	9,223
Homedale #370	2,635,000	0.89%	23,349
Total school districts	567,611,316		93,462,146
Library districts:			
Kuna	760,000	1.80%	13,712
Lizard Butte Library	722,558	1.47%	10,640
Total library districts	1,482,558		24,351
Subtotal, overlapping debt	613,710,068		109,272,179
Total direct debt	<del>-</del>		<del>-</del>
Total direct			
and overlapping debt	\$ 613,710,068		\$ 109,272,179

Note: Percentage of overlap based on property market value Source: Outstanding debt supplied by the governmental agencies

# STATE OF IDAHO CANYON COUNTY LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION Last Ten Fiscal Years

	<u>2009</u>	2008	2007	2006	<u>2005</u>	2004	<u>2003</u>	2002	<u>2001</u>	<u>2000</u>
Assessed value of property	\$ 8,585,006,387	\$ 10,316,824,296	\$ 9,216,981,464	\$ 7,110,473,125	\$ 6,491,068,732	\$ 6,027,348,711	\$ 5,709,027,072	\$ 5,424,937,871	\$ 4,941,672,322	\$ 4,690,271,989
Debt limit 2% of assessed value	\$ 171,700,128	\$ 206,336,486	\$ 184,339,629	\$ 142,209,463	\$ 129,821,375	\$ 120,546,974	\$ 114,180,541	\$ 108,498,757	\$ 98,833,446	\$ 93,805,440
Amount of debt applicable to li	mit									
General obligation Bonds	-	-	-	-	900,000	1,800,000	2,820,000	3,800,000	4,740,000	5,640,000
Less: Resources Restricted to paying Principal					(448,231)	(669,433)	(674,256)	(423,116)	(194,011)	(149,360)
Total net debt Applicable to limit					451,769	1,130,567	2,145,744	3,376,884	4,545,989	5,490,640
Legal debt margin	\$ 171,700,128	\$ 206,336,486	\$ 184,339,629	\$ 142,209,463	\$ 129,369,606	\$ 119,416,407	\$ 112,034,797	\$ 105,121,873	\$ 94,287,457	\$ 88,314,800
Total net debt applicable to the as a percentage of debt limit	e limit 0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.35%	0.94%	1.88%	3.11%	4.60%	5.85%

Note: State law limits the county's outstanding general obligation long-term debt (less debt service reserves) to no more than 2 percent of the assessed value of property.

The legal debt margin is the difference between the debt limit and the county's net outstanding applicable to the limit, and represents the county's legal borrowing authority.

# STATE OF IDAHO CANYON COUNTY DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Personal			
		Income	Per capita		
		(thousands of	Personal	School	Unemployment
<u>Year</u>	<u>Population</u>	<u>dollars)</u>	<u>Income</u>	<b>Enrollment</b>	Rate
	(1)	(1)	(1)	(2)	(1)
2000	124,100	\$ 2,446,632	\$ 19,715	27,332	4.2%
2001	131,441	2,554,162	19,432	28,643	4.9%
2002	140,680	2,733,694	19,432	29,781	6.5%
2003	144,983	2,817,310	19,432	30,989	7.0%
2004	151,508	2,944,104	19,432	31,926	6.1%
2005	167,141	3,247,884	19,432	33,043	4.3%
2006	175,781	3,415,776	19,432	34,167	3.5%
2007	175,781	3,464,165	20,397	35,298	3.6%
2008	179,381	3,690,863	21,511	38,634	9.1%
2009	183,939	3,980,637	22,278	39,105	11.9%
Sources:					

(1) Idaho department of labor

(2) School districts & private schools in Canyon County

# STATE OF IDAHO CANYON COUNTY PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS Current Year and Nine Years ago

	2009 Employees		Percentage To total Employees	2000 Employees		Percentage To total <u>Employees</u>
Caldwell School District	850	(1)	9.38%	750	(1)	11.59%
Canyon County	746		8.23%	525		8.11%
City of Nampa	750	(1)	8.28%	450	(1)	6.95%
Department of Health & Welfare	550	(1)	6.07%	650	(1)	10.04%
J R Simplot Company	1,250	(1)	13.79%	1,250	(1)	19.32%
Mercy Medical Center	550	(1)	6.07%	650	(1)	10.04%
Nampa School District	1,750	(1)	19.31%	1,250	(1)	19.32%
Sorrento Lactalis Inc	550	(1)	6.07%	150	(1)	2.32%
Vallivue School District	717		7.91%	346		5.35%
Wal-Mart	1,350	(1)	<u>14.90</u> %	450	(1)	<u>6.95</u> %
Total	9,063		100.00%	6,471		<u>100.00</u> %

Notes: (1) Idaho Department of Labor - these are the top employers that have given us permission to release their employment data, the number of employees are given only as ranges i.e. 700-800

Sources: Individual companies

Idaho Department of Labor, Communications & Research

STATE OF IDAHO
CANYON COUNTY
FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT COUNTY GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION
Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Full-time Equivalent Employees as of September 30									
Function/Program	<u>2009</u>	<u>2008</u>	<u>2007</u>	<u>2006</u>	<u>2005</u>	<u>2004</u>	<u>2003</u>	2002	<u>2001</u>	<u>2000</u>
Public Safety	342	361	347	333	323	292	280	277	279	266
Health and Welfare	10	10	9	8	7	7	6	6	5	5
Culture and Recreation	11	13	11	11	10	10	9	9	8	8
Public Works	25	26	26	26	25	24	23	23	15	13
General Government	338	320	317	287	265	240	229	224	220	222
Total Governmental Activities	726	730	710	665	630	573	547	539	527	<u>514</u>
Business Type Activities (1)										
Sanitary Landfill	20	20	20	18	16	16	16	16	13	11
Grand Total	746	750	730	683	646	589	563	555	540	525

Source: County Auditor's office

# STATE OF IDAHO CANYON COUNTY OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Year									
Function/Program	2009	2008	2007	2006	<u>2005</u>	2004	2003	2002	2001	2000
Public Safety										
Jail bookings	11,542	12,184	12,504	12,869	10,723	9,840	8,522	7,768	8,075	7,534
Average daily population	462	630	826	585	583	489	471	439	456	426
General Government										
Building permits issued										
Commercial	36	47	58	40	55	89	141	125	148	136
Residential	356	415	648	898	882	788	661	663	691	684
Agricultural	29	145	225	254	258	154	205	189	77	97
Total	421	607	931	1,192	1,195	1,031	1,007	977	916	917
Number of recorded										
Documents	65,520	68,227	83,487	102,741	87,727	71,522	79,798	62,387	55,363	45,525
Culture and Recreation										
Annual boat stickers	4,163	4,050	4,071	4,077	3,927	3,777	3,659	3,604	3,302	3,227
Sanitation										
Refuse collected daily/tons	563	653	710	729	625	571	541	498	477	449
Refuse collected/annually tons	176,372	204,433	222,475	228,320	195,572	178,582	169,182	155,874	149,424	140,418

Sources: Individual County Departments

# STATE OF IDAHO CANYON COUNTY CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION Last Ten Fiscal Years

**Fiscal Year** Function/Program **Public Safety** Patrol units **Detention centers Culture and Recreation** Number of county parks Acreage of parks 1,579 1,579 Sanitation Number of trash compactors 

Sources: County departments

County Auditor's office

### **SINGLE AUDIT SECTION**



### SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2009

Federal Grantor/ Pass-through Grantor <u>Program Title</u>	Federal CFDA <u>Number</u>	Disbursements/ Expenditures
US Department of Agriculture		
Passed through Idaho Department of Education:		
School Breakfast Program	10.553	\$ 31,983
National School Lunch Program	10.555	49,114
		81,097
US Department of Commerce		
Passed through Idaho Military Division:		
Public Safety Interoperable Communications Grant	11.555	833,497
, ,		
US Department of Housing and Urban Development		
Passed through Idaho Department of Commerce and Labor		
Community Development Block Grant	14.228	48,183
US Department of Justice		
State Criminal Alien Assistance (SCAAP)	16.606	124,751
DEA overtime	N/A	13,346
Justice overtime	N/A	19,062
Equitable sharing	N/A	14,965
Passed through City of Boise:		
Public Safety Partnership & Community Policing		
Grants (COPS Technology)	16.710	1,889,346
Passed through Idaho State Police: Edward Byrne Memorial Justice assistance grant	16.738	10,237
Edward Byrne Memorial Justice assistance grant	10.730	
		2,071,707
LIS Department of Transportation		
US Department of Transportation  Passed through Idaho Transportation Department:		
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	1,445
State & Community Highway Safety	20.600	37,134
Alcohol Traffic Safety & Drunk Driving Prevention	20.601	2,360
,		40,939
US Department of Homeland Security		
Passed through Idaho Department of Parks and Recreation		
Boating Safety Financial Assurance	97.012	50,109
Passed through Idaho Military Division:		
Emergency Management Performance Grant	97.042	190,823
Homeland Security Grant Program	97.067	568,934
		809,866
Total fo	ederal awards	\$ 3,885,289
Total it	Jaciai awai ao	Ψ 0,000,209

### NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2009

#### Note 1: Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal grant activity of Canyon County and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, federal financial reports and the state's single audit report and the basic financial statements.

### CANYON COUNTY SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2009

### I. Summary of Auditor's Results

- A. The auditor's report expresses an unqualified opinion on the financial statements of Canyon County.
- B. No instances of significant deficiencies in internal control were disclosed during the audit.
- C. No instances of noncompliance material to the financial statements of Canyon County were disclosed during the audit.
- D. No instances of significant deficiencies in internal control over major federal award programs were disclosed during the audit.
- E. The auditor's report on compliance for the major federal award programs for Canyon County expresses an unqualified opinion on all major federal programs.
- F. There are no audit findings that are required to be reported in this schedule in accordance with Section 510(a) of the OMB circular A-133.
- G. The programs tested as major programs included:

Program Name	CFDA#
Public Safety Interoperable Communications Grant COPS Technology Homeland Security Grant Program	11.555 16.710 97.067
, and the second	

- H. The threshold for distinguishing Types A and B programs was \$300,000.
- I. Canyon County was determined to be a low-risk auditee.

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Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

Board of County Commissioners Canyon County Caldwell, Idaho

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Canyon County as of and for the year ended September 30, 2009, which collectively comprise Canyon County's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated April 12, 2010. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

### **Internal Control over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit, we considered Canyon County's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Canyon County's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Canyon County's internal control over financial reporting.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects Canyon County's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of Canyon County's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by Canyon County's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by Canyon County's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Canyon County's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

We noted certain matters that we reported to management of Canyon County in a separate letter dated April 12, 2010

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the County Commissioners, management and any applicable governmental agencies and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Sibbons, Scott & Deauth

GIBBONS, SCOTT & DEAN LLP Certified Public Accountants

April 12, 2010

### Gibbons, Scott & Dean LLP

# Certified Public Accountants Professional Building 1803 Ellis Avenue Caldwell, Idaho 83605

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Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to Each Major Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance in Accordance with OMB Circular A-133

Board of County Commissioners Canyon County Caldwell, Idaho

### Compliance

We have audited the compliance of Canyon County with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the year ended September 30, 2009. Canyon County's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to each of its major federal programs is the responsibility of Canyon County's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on Canyon County's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Canyon County's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of Canyon County's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, Canyon County complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the year ended September 30, 2009.

### **Internal Control Over Compliance**

The management of Canyon County is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered Canyon County's internal control over compliance with the requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Canyon County's internal control over compliance.

A control deficiency in an entity's internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to administer a federal program such that there is more than a remote likelihood that noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the County Commissioners, management, and any applicable governmental agencies and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Gibbons, Scott & Dean LLP

GIBBONS, SCOTT & DEAN LLP Certified Public Accountants

April 12, 2010